The Bombay Gazette.

No. 6.825.—New Series. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1870. Annual Subscription in Advance...Rupees Fifty-two.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For year in advance delivered in Town	Rs. 52 0
including postage	,, 72 0
For half year in advance, delivered in Town	,, 26 0
including postage	,, 36 0
For three months' advance, delivered in Town	,, 13 0
including postage	,, 21 0
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Single Copy for Cash	,, 0 0 4
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TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten lines and under

First insertion	Rs. 5 0
Second Ditto	,, 2 8
Third Ditto	,, 2 8
Fourth and succeeding insertions	,, 0 2½ As.

per line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	8 As. per line.
Second Ditto	4½ ,, ,,
Third and succeeding	2½ ,, ,,

In the Native Language, double the above.

Odditte Occurrences. Each—Rupee 1.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances, should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

OVERLAND ROUTE.

On Saturday, the 24th December, at 3 P.M., from Mazagon.

THE P. & O. Co.'s S. S. DECCAN, (3,128 tons, and 300 H.P.) Captain D. Reynoldson, will leave for Suez as above, carrying H.M.'s Mails, also Passengers and Cargo for that Port, Brindisi, Southampton, &c.

Cargo can also be booked through to Trieste, Venice, Odessa, Genoa, Naples, Barcelona and Havre, Liverpool, or London.

No Cargo can be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

The Company reserve the option of forwarding all Goods shipped by their steamers for Europe, through Egypt, either by Rail or by Canal in their own steamers, or in vessels employed for the purpose.

Passengers are requested to send their heavy baggage to Mazagon before 10 A.M. on the day of the Steamer's departure, in order that it may be weighed and labelled previous to shipment.

A small Steamer will leave the New Dock Head at Mazagon at 3 P.M., precisely, on the day of sailing.

BRINDISI ROUTE.

The Company's Steamers now run to and from Brindisi instead of Marseilles.

REDUCED PARCEL RATES.

A considerable REDUCTION has been made in the TARIFF of CHARGES for SMALL PARCELS to ENGLAND, &c., particulars of which can be learnt on application at this Office.

Parcels will in future be received up to noon on the day of sailing.

G. F. HENRY, Superintendent.

P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office, Rampart Row, Bombay, 17th December 1870.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

THE P. and O. Co.'s S. S. BEHAR, (1,723 tons, and 300 H.P.), Captain W. Blake, will be despatched for the above Ports on THURSDAY, the 22nd December, leaving Mazagon at noon on that day, carrying H.M.'s Mails, and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras, Calcutta and Australia.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing, and no brokerage will be allowed on any chest of opium, the delivery for which is not lodged in the Company's office before 11 A.M. on Tuesday, the 20th instant.

G. F. HENRY, Superintendent.

P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office, Rampart Row, Bombay, 8th December 1870.

NEW OVERLAND ROUTE (via SUEZ CANAL.)

DIRECT SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY and MARSEILLES, touching at ADEN, SUEZ, ISMAILIA, PORT SAID, ALEXANDRIA (in case of need) and MARSEILLES.

LA COMPAGNIE MARSEILLAISE DE NAVIGATION A VAPEUR.—MARC FRAISSINET PERE and FILS will DESPATCH STEAMERS MONTHLY from BOMBAY to MARSEILLES, via the SUEZ CANAL.

PASSENGER RATES.

(Inclusive of Wines, and all Transit Fees through the Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
To Aden	£ 25	£ 15	£ 5
,, Suez	£ 40	£ 22-10	£ 8
,, Port Said	£ 43	£ 24	£ 8
,, Marseilles	£ 56	£ 32	£ 14

Without food.

In accordance with the above, the s. s. EUROPE, 3,500 Tons, Captain Martino, will be despatched on or about the 7th February 1871.

For further particulars, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

KUNKLER, PREISWERCK, & Co., Agents.

Elphinstone Circle, 19th December 1870.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY.

(VIA SUEZ CANAL).

MESSRS. R. RUBATTINO & Co.'s ITALIAN MAIL STEAMERS running between GENOA and BOMBAY, calling at LEGHORN, NAPLES, MESSINA, (occasionally ALEXANDRIA), PORT SAID, SUEZ, ADEN, and vice versa.

The next Steamer of the above Company, leaving THIS PORT, will be the newly English built s. s. INDIA, about 2,500 tons burden, Captain Donsko, with superior accommodation for 1st, 2nd, and 3rd Class Passengers. She is expected to arrive by the end of January, and will consequently be despatched within the 2nd or 3rd week of February 1871.

More precise information regarding her departure will be given on her arrival.

PASSENGER RATES,

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
To Aden	$22	£15	£4	Without Food.
,, Suez	36	22	7	
,, Port Said	36	24	7	
,, Alexandria	39	25	9-10	
,, Messina	45	29	12	
,, Naples	47	33	13	
,, Leghorn	50	34	14	
,, Genoa	50	34	14	
,, Marseilles with transhipment at Genoa	52	35	14-10	Including Wines.

Children under 3 years, free of charge.

Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers are allowed to break their voyage at any of the abovenamed Mediterranean Ports, and to resume it by any of the Company's Steamers to the port of destination marked on their Tickets.

Passengers returning within 6 months of their departure from Bombay by the Steamers of the Company are entitled to a reduction of 20 per cent. on the Return Fare.

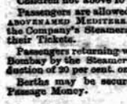
Berths may be secured in advance by depositing half the Passage Money.

For Prospectus, Rates of Freight and further particulars apply to VOLKART BROTHERS, Agents Rubattino Steam Navigation Company.

Bombay, 19th December 1870.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

MONTHLY LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND TRIESTE VIA SUEZ CANAL.



THE Company intends to despatch every month a Steamer from TRIESTE to BOMBAY and vice versa.

The Passenger Steamer ORESTE left Trieste on the 30th November, and will return from Bombay on or about the 31st December. Early application for passage should be made to prevent disappointment.

PASSENGER RATES FROM BOMBAY:

	Cabin.	Deck without Food.
To Aden	£16	£ 6-15
To Suez	£28	£11-15
To Port Said	£30	£12-10
To Trieste	£40	£16-10

Cargo taken for Trieste, also for Venice, Constantinople, and Odessa, Antwerp, England and the Continent generally.

There is also a fortnightly MAIL STEAMER between Alexandria and Trieste, and *vice versâ*, in conjunction with the P. & O. Co.'s Mail Steamers to and from Suez. The Austrian Lloyd's Mail Steamer leaves Alexandria for Trieste immediately after the arrival of the Bombay and Calcutta Mails from Suez. The distance between Alexandria and Trieste is 300 miles less than that between Marseilles and Alexandria, and the voyage to Trieste is much more agreeable, it being a continuing trip of variety of beautiful scenery from the Island of Candia to the Port of Trieste. The passage occupies only 4½ to 5 days, and the Company's best Steamers are employed on this Line, which are built expressly for this service, with special regard to the accommodation and comfort of passengers, and have such an experienced Surgeon on board. At Trieste the traveller to England has an extensive choice of picturesque and interesting routes, occupying from three days six hours to five days to London, at an expense varying from £7 to £15.

Passengers by the P. & O. Co.'s Steamers to Suez can have their baggage forwarded by that Company's steamers to Southampton, at a charge of 10s. per cwt.; which the Austrian Lloyd's Agent at Suez will attend.

The undersigned Agents grant also passage tickets for the steamers plying between Alexandria and Trieste, and for the railway between Suez and Alexandria.

PASSENGER RATES from ALEXANDRIA to TRIESTE

First Class ..... £13. | Second Class £9

Children under 10 years by half Fare; under 2 years, Free.

REDUCED FARES for FAMILIES, consisting of not less than 3 adult members travelling together:—First Class, £10-16 per head; Second Class, £7-10 per head.

Railway tickets, from SUEZ, to ALEXANDRIA, with all the privileges of passengers by the P. & O. S. N. Co.—First Class, £3; Second Class, £2. Children over 3 and under 10 years at Half Fare.

In conjunction with the Austrian Lloyd, Cargo for Trieste and Venice can be booked through from BOMBAY by the P. & O. Co., and the Bombay and Bengal Steam Ship Co., and via Bombay from the various ports touched at by the steamers of the British India Steam Navigation Company.

* * TRANSHIPMENT & SERVICE AT PORT SAID.

GOODS for Trieste, Venice, Odessa, and Ports on the Syrian, Turkish and Greek Coasts, shipped by Steamers under any Flag whatever from Jamboree, Chittoor and Indian Ports bound to Modi. evanescs or British Ports, the SUEZ CANAL, are received and transhipped by the Austrian Lloyd's Agent at Port Said, and forwarded to their destination by the Company's regular lines of Steamers.

For further particulars, and for freight and passage apply to

A. C. GUMPERT & Co., Agents for the Austrian Lloyd.

Bombay, 2, Ash Lane, 14th November 1870.

SHIPPING.

BRINDISI STEAMERS.

CARRYING HER MAJESTY'S INDIAN AND CHINA MAILS HITHERTO SENT VIA MARSEILLES.

ADRIATICO ORIENTALE COMPANY.

UNDER ARRANGEMENT with the English Post Office authorities, the Mail hitherto sent by the P. & O. Steamers via Marseilles, will be despatched by the Steamers of the Adriatico Orientale Company from Alexandria to Brindisi until the end of the war. This route being now the regular Mail line, becomes the safest as well as the most expeditious route for passengers.

The undersigned are prepared to issue THROUGH TICKETS from ALEXANDRIA to BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, NAPLES, ROME, BOLOGNA, FLORENCE, TURIN, SUSA, VERONA, CAMERLATA, MILAN, and PARIS.

Steamers leave Alexandria on the arrival of the Mail from Bombay.

The passage from Alexandria to Brindisi occupies only three days, and the through journey to London about 140 hours, making a saving over other routes of about 48 hours.

On arrival at Brindisi of the weekly fast Steamer from Alexandria, an Express Train is run by the South Italian Railway en route for London, via Ancona, Bologna, Milan, the Bronen Pass, Munich and Frankfort to Dover, THUS AVOIDING THE SEAT OF WAR.

RATES OF FARE FROM ALEXANDRIA.

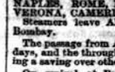
	1st Class.	2nd Class.		1st Class.	2nd Class.
To BRINDISI	Rs. 110	Rs. 80	To ROME	Rs. 123	Rs. 89-8
,, VENICE	,, 129	,, 88	,, PARIS	,, 209	,, 156-8

For rates to other towns apply to

STEARNS, HOBART, & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 29th October 1870.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL VIA SUEZ CANAL.



THE favorite steamer HISTORIAN, Captain Tuttor, 1,755 tons Register, 250 H.P., (Messrs. T. & J. Harrison's Line), will sail about the end of the month, and has accommodation for about 12 First-class Passengers.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

To Suez ..... £ 36
Port Said ..... 36 } Exclusive of Wines, &c., which can be had at moderate rates on board.
Liverpool ..... 50 }

Apply to WALLACE & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 3rd December 1870.

STEAM FERRIES (under contract with Government).—Steam Ferry Boats will ply across the Harbour daily, stopping at the undermentioned Bunders:—

FARES FROM BUNDER TO

Class.	Rewas.	Dhurumtur.	Oorun.	Hog Island.	Oolwa.
	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
First Class	2 0	3 0	2 0	2 0	3 0
Second Class	0 12	1 0	0 12	0 12	0 12
Third Class	0 6	0 8	0 6	0 6	0 9

The Rewas and Dhurumtur Ferry Steamer leaves Carnac Bunder daily at 8 A.M., and Dhurumtur at 1 P.M. The Oorun, Hog Island, and Oolwa Ferry Steamer leaves Carnac Bunder daily at 8-30 A.M., and Oolwa at 1 P.M. Passengers are required to obtain Tickets from the Bunder Clerk previous to proceeding on board.

J. A. SHEPHERD.

No. 22, Rampart Row, Bombay.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE and COMPANY.

On THURSDAY, the 22nd instant, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will hold their usual Weekly Auction Sale, at their Rooms, of a quantity of Grey, White, and Coloured Piece Goods, Twist, &c.

11 Bales Grey Shirtings
7 ditto Grey T Cloth
1 Case Coloured Flannel
4 Cases ditto Prints
3 Bales Woollen Cloth
5 Cases White Lappets

On account of the concerned:—

5 Bales Mule Twist No. 16
5 ditto ditto No. 20
5 ditto Water Twist No. 20

MENESSE & Co.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL, GRANT ROAD.

UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF Mr. H. RICHARDSON.

GRAND OPENING NIGHT OF THE DRAMATIC SEASON, MONDAY, DECEMBER 26TH, BOXING NIGHT!

Box Plan now open at Soundy's.

THEATRE ROYAL, GRANT ROAD.

A NOVELTY IN NATIVE DRAMA!

THIRD APPEARANCE,

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, 21ST DEC.

THE PERSIAN THEATRICAL CLUB, Under the auspices of Respectable Gentlemen.

THE WELL-KNOWN DRAMA OF ROOSTUM and BURJOR

Will be represented in Persian Character and Language: Followed by a version in Gujerathi Verse.

The Combatants will appear on horse-back on the Stage.

The Sun will be seen rising and setting.

To conclude with a brilliant Exhibition of Cyclorama or Magic Lantern.

Reserved Seats, Rs. 5; Unreserved Seats, Rs. 4; Stalls, Rs. 3; Gallery, Rs. 2; Pit, Re. 1.

Tickets to be had at the "Jami-Jamshed" and "Chabuk" Offices, and at the Theatre.

A BAND WILL BE IN ATTENDANCE.

Performance to commence at 8-30 P.M.

DADABHOY SORABJI FRAMJI PATEL, Hon. Secretary.

MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT.

The P. and O. AMATEURS beg leave to intimate to their Friends and the Public, that they will give an ENTERTAINMENT (*à la* CHRISTY'S) in the Hall F. & O. Building, Mazagon, on THURSDAY EVENING next, the 22nd instant, under the patronage of the Superintendent.

SONGS WITH CHORUS.

SOLOS.

To conclude with the Entertaining and Laughable Farce, entitled

THE QUACK DOCTOR.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Reserved Seats ..... Rs. 2
Back do. ..... ,, 1

Tickets may be obtained from Messrs. SMALE and BROWN, P. & O. Dockyard, and at the Doors.

Doors will be open at half past 7, commencing at 8 o'clock.

NOTICE.—To be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION, on His Majesty's Dockyard, on THURSDAY, the 5th of January 1871, at 1 o'clock, PILOT BOATS Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, and 8, together with all their STORES. For particulars apply at the Office of the Master Attendant, during office hours, from 10 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily.

TERMS OF SALE.—A deposit of 25 per cent. to be paid as soon as the lots are knocked down, and the remainder to be paid when the sale has been duly approved and sanctioned.

J. E. C. PRYCE, Master Attendant and Conservator of the Port.

Master Attendant's Office, Bombay, December, 1870.

JEWELLERY.

TREACHER and COMPANY (Limited) receive by every Mail large accessions to their stock of JEWELLERY. Always the largest and best selected in Bombay, it is now, by the addition of all the most ELEGANT NOVELTIES, a more extensive and beautiful collection than ever.

The JEWELLERY is of the first-class London Manufacture and quality only, for which the Company has been so long and so favourably known.

BRACELETS.

Of worked Gold, or set with Jewels, in a variety of Elegant Designs.

BROOCHES.

Worked Gold, or Jewelled, with and without Pendants.

CHAINS.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Albert, Guard, and Victoria.

CHARMS.

For the Watch Chain.

EAR-RINGS.

Small, neat plain Gold, or elegantly worked and Jewelled.

LOCKETS.

Plain bright or dead Gold, Chased, Engraved, Jewelled or Mourning; for attachment to Necklet or Watch Chain: to take one, two, or four Portraits.

NECKLETS.

Worked Gold, or Jewelled.

NECK CHAINS.

For the suspension of Lockets.

GOLD PEN and PENCIL-CASES.

Spiral, Spring, and Telescope; Plain Gold, Engine Turned, Fluted or Engraved.

RINGS.

Ladies' Diamond. Jewelled. Guard. Wedding.	Gentlemen's Diamond. Signet. Scarf. Scarf Slide.

SCARF PINS.

Worked Gold Opposite, or Jewelled. A large selection.

STUDS and SLEEVE LINKS.

Plain or Chased Gold, or Jewelled.

SUITES of BRACELET, BROOCH, and EAR-RINGS.

Worked Gold, or Jewelled.

SUITES of STUDS and SLEEVE LINKS.

Plain Gold, or handsomely Chased.

DEMI SUITES of BROOCH and EAR-RINGS.

Worked Gold, or Jewelled.

And the usual large variety of small sundry Jewellery.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.

FIRST and SECOND CLASS RETURN TICKETS, and also RETURN TICKETS for HORSES, between all Stations, issued on and after TUESDAY, 20th instant, will be available for Return on any day up to, and including, TUESDAY, 3rd January next.

HENRY CONDER, General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 15th December 1870.

STEAM SHIP NEERA, having arrived with Cargo from Calcutta, CONSIGNEES are advised to present Bills of Lading at the Office of the undersigned and take delivery of their Goods at the Carnac Bunder.

Bombay, 20th December 1870. STEARNS, HOBART, & Co.

THE undersigned having LEASED a GINNING FACTORY at Broach, are prepared to execute orders for COTTON, and have appointed Mr. G. R. PURVIS, No. 30 Apollo Street, to represent them in Bombay.

ROBB, LAW & Co.

Bombay, 21st December 1870.

NOTICE.—The Firm of BRICE, BROWN & Co., of Bombay, was DISSOLVED on the 31st January 1870, by the retirement from it on that date of Messrs. JOHN BROWN and FREDERICK W. BRICE.

Musselbugh, 24th Nov. 1870.

NOTICE.—SEALED TENDERS are hereby invited for the FARMING of GANJA REVENUE in the Town and Island of Bombay, for one year, from the 1st January 1871.

Tenders will be received up to Noon, on FRIDAY, the 23rd instant, at the Office of the undersigned.

Particulars will be obtained on application at the Commissioner of Customs' Office.

L. REID, Commissioner of Customs.

Bombay, Office of Commissioner of Customs, 20th December 1870.

TO BE SOLD by AUCTION, on MONDAY, 2nd January 1871, at 2 P.M., at the Government Reclamation Work Yard, Moody Bay. Two Pairs of small highly-finished OSCILLATING ENGINES with BELLEVILLE Boilers, &c., Percussion Cap Machinery, Shafting, &c., intended for Theodore, late Emperor of Abyssinia; also a lot of Old Copper, Firewood, &c.

Catalogues, and any further information, may be obtained from the undersigned.

F. R. WILSON, Storekeeper, Government Reclamation Works.

Elphinstone Bunder, 20th December 1870.

RIMMELL'S PURIFIED EXTRACT OF LIME JUICE AND GLYCERINE,

Cleanses, and imparts a beautiful gloss to, the hair; prevents the formation of dandriff; and keeps the scalp soft and cool.

Single Bottles.	Double Bottles.
Cash Rs. 1	Credit Rs. 1-4.	Cash Rs. 1-13.	Credit Rs. 2.

IMPORTED BY

TREACHER & Co. (Limited).

MEERSCHAUM PIPES, PLAIN AND SILVER MOUNTED, From Rs. 2 to Rs. 175.

THE NEW CHARCOAL PIPES, With cherry stem and horn, or goose-bone, mouth-piece, Cash Rs. 1; Credit Rs. 1-8.

BRIAR ROOT PIPES, With horn or amber mouth pieces, From As. 12 to Rs. 20.

TREACHER & Co. (Limited).

NOTICES.

MOULE'S PATENT EARTH CLOSETS.

Deal wood Commodes, complete		Rs. 40
Pull-up	Apparatus for fitting with pail and cover	25
Self-acting		
Sieves for	ditto	3

SOLE AGENTS,

CUTLER, PALMER, & Co., DEAN LANE, BOMBAY.

THOMSON and COMPANY, CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS, Opposite the Secretariate, 22, APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY, BRANCH ESTABLISHMENT, MAZAGON.

PRESCRIPTIONS.

Every care and attention is given to this Department of our business, and being under our personal superintendence, Physicians and Patients may rely on all articles being supplied of the best quality, and prepared with exactness and uniformity.

MEDICINE CHESTS IN GREAT VARIETY.

SHIPS' MEDICINE CHESTS CAREFULLY REFILLED.

Messrs. Thomson & Co. devote particular attention to Ships' Medicine Chests, and will, at any time, send on Board a competent party to have the Chest examined, free of charge.

PATENT MEDICINES.

Hair Brushes. Nail Brushes. Tooth Brushes Combs. Corn Plasters. Perfumery. Sponges. Sponge Bags,	Flesh Gloves. Chest Expanders. Eau de Cologne. Violet Powders. Shaving Strops. Court Plaster. Filters.

AND A LARGE STOCK OF OTHER SUNDRIES.

PIPES, TOBACCO, CHEROOTS.

Orders from Outstations, accompanied by a Bombay reference will receive every care and attention.

LETTS'S DIARIES, 1871, FOR INDIA.

MAP OF THE WORLD GRATIS.

ALL the OFFICE EDITIONS of the above WORK contain a MAP of the WORLD, showing the new Telegraph Lines, and every Diary is materially improved and arranged to meet the requirements of our Indian and Colonial friends.

For further information see Prospectuses, to be obtained gratis from any Bookseller or Storekeeper, and the Table of Contents.

To guide those who may not have used our Books before, we append the following list of the Editions most universally adopted by—

The ARMY.—Nos. 6, 9, 10, and the Scribbling series; the Nos. 6 and 9 with Spring lock cases.

BANKERS and BROKERS.—Same as Merchants (see below).

CLERGYMEN of every denomination.—Nos. 2, 8, 9, 10, 12 enlarged, 13, 14 enlarged, 15, 16, and "Clerical Tablet Diary."

DOCTORS.—The "Medical," "Appointment," "Monthly or Professional," and Nos. 1, 2, 8, 9, 10, 15, and Letts's Medical Ledger.

ENGINEERS, BUILDERS & SURVEYORS.—Nos 1, 2, 8, and the Rough Diaries, plain or interleaved blotting, and Letts's Sectional Books and Paper.

FARMERS.—Nos. 31, 32, 34, 34, 35, 36, plain and interleaved blotting, and the Broad Sis.

GENTLEMEN.—Nos. 5½, 1, 6, 9, 10, 12 cnl, 18, 20 and 22 in lock cases, and wallets of russia and morocco, also the "Perpetual Diaries."

INSURANCE COMPANIES and AGENTS.—Nos. 51, 1, 8, 12 enl., 13, 18, the Broad 1s., and 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, and Letts's Sectional Paper for Calculations.

LADIES.—Nos. 12, 18, 20, 22, 17, Card Case Almanac, in fancy leathers, silk, and other bindings, and the various Housekeepers and Washing Books.

THE FANCY LEATHER POCKET SERIES, in roan, russia calf and seal-skin, suited for Christmas and New Year's presents, is unsurpassed for finish and style, and kept by most of the principal stationers.

MERCHANTS.—Nos. 31, 32, 33, 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, and the B or Dr. and Cr. series.

THE NAVY.—Same as Army (see above).

PHYSICIANS.—Same as Doctors (see above).

RAILWAY COMPANIES.—Same as Insurance Companies (see above).

SOLICITORS and the Legal Profession.—Nos. 51, 1, 8, 9, 18, and the "Appointment."

TRADESMEN.—Nos. 4, 6, 7, 11, 13, 15, the B or Dr. and Cr. Series, and Nos. 31, 32 33, 34, 35, 36.

VESTRIES.—The Clerical "Tablet Diary" and Letts's Parish and Preacher's Registers.

WAREHOUSEMEN.—Nos. 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, Broad 1s., 1s. 6d., 9d., 6d., 17, 21 and 23.

In addition to the usual contents of Letts's Diaries, the following Tables have been added this year for the first time:—

British Possessions, with Date of Acquisition, Governors, their salaries, &c.

Calendar for 1871, Historical and General.

Colonial Banks, Rates of Postage, and Telegrams.

Colonial Bishops and their Salaries.

Colonial Governments and their Representatives.

Colonial Official Passage Allowances.

Freezing Mixtures.

Holidays at Public Offices at India and Australasia.

Indian Board of Government in London.

Latitudes and Longitudes of places in India, Australasia, China and Japan.

Observatories, Latitudes and Longitudes of Colonial and Continental.

Peninsular and Oriental Co.'s Passenger Rates.

,, Time Table.

Precedency, Colonial order of.

Presidents and Members of Government.

Rainfall Measurements.

Temperature Tables, average throughout the world.

Wages Table, Indian.

Weights and Measures, Indian.

LETTS, SON & Co., London, Oct. 1870.

MANURE FOR THE COFFEE PLANT.

MESSRS E. PURSER and COMPANY, AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTS, LONDON,

having for many years directed attention to the composition of Coffee Manures, which have been most successfully employed on some of the largest Estates, beg to inform Planters that they have appointed the undersigned Agents for the sale of their preparations in India. The first consignment goes forward by the Steamer Surbiton via the Suez Canal, and the Agents are now ready to receive orders for the same.

PURSER'S PATENT COFFEE MANURE contains all the mineral constituents of the Coffee Plant in their most available form.

PURSER'S DISSOLVED BONES,

A manure which has been used for many years, and requires no recommendation. Bones in this prepared state produce much better results than when used in a broken condition without further combination.

For further particulars apply to

Messrs. H. MANN & Co., Mangalore and Mercara, Messrs. JAMES, ANDREW & Co., Calicut.

NOTICES.

NOTICE to RATE-PAYERS.—Orders have been issued to ENFORCE PAYMENT, by DISTRAINT, of all Municipal Bills remaining UNPAID on CHRISTMAS DAY, the 25th December 1870.

A. T. CRAWFORD, Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

Bombay, 13th December 1870.

ALL PERSONS having CLAIMS against the ESTATE of the late Captain JAMES DUCAT, of the Bombay Staff Corps, Assistant Commissioner, Central Provinces, Belaspore, will be good enough to forward the same to the undersigned before the 1st proximo. All Persons or Firms indebted to the Estate will be good enough to communicate at once with

W. BLAKENEY, Major, 22nd Regiment N. I., Commandant, President Committee of Adjustment.

TO CAPITALISTS.—The LAND MORTGAGE BANK of INDIA (CREDIT FONCIER INDIEN) Limited are prepared to treat for the sale by PRIVATE CONTRACT of SUNDRY PROPERTIES in

BOMBAY, POONA, SHOLAPORE, PANCHGUNNY, KURRACHEE,

particulars of which may be had by applying to the Manager at the Bank's Office in Bombay. If desired part of the Purchase Money may remain on mortgage for a time at a moderate rate of interest.

NOTICE.

The continuance of the

WAR IN FRANCE,

the consequent difficulty in obtaining Transit, and the increased Rates of Charges and Labour, for

CHAMPAGNES, &c.,

now coming forward, will reluctantly compel us to ADVANCE OUR QUOTATIONS as soon as our Stock, obtained at the Old Rates, is exhausted.

We therefore beg to notify to our Constituents that we CANNOT UNDERTAKE TO SUPPLY FRENCH WINES, &c., AT OUR PRESENT QUOTATIONS for any length of time.

On an advance being made, it will be duly advertised in the Local Journals.

PAYNE & Co.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, November 1870.

BOMBAY RECLAMATION COMPANY, Limited (in Liquidation).—A DISTRIBUTION of ASSETS of Rs. 55 per share will be made to the Registered Shareholders on the production of Share Certificates on and after the 6th instant.

J. G. SMITH, For Self & Co-Liquidators.

Elphinstone Circle, 4th October 1870.

BOMBAY RECLAMATION COMPANY, Limited, (in Liquidation).—The TRANSFER FEE on the COMPANY'S SHARES has been REDUCED to ONE RUPEE per SHARE from THIS DATE.

JAMES G. SMITH, For Self and Co-Liquidators.

Elphinstone Circle, 15th November 1870.

BOMBAY PRESS COMPANY (Limited).—TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of LABOUR for LASHING BALES PRESSED by this Company during 1871.

Each Press to be supplied with Seventeen experienced and expert Men, and Tenders to be left at the Company's Office on or before FRIDAY next, the 23rd instant, and to be endorsed as "Tenders for supply of Lashers."

By order of the Directors, BRICE, BROWN & Co., Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 19th December 1870.

THE ELPHINSTONE LAND and PRESS COMPANY, Limited, (in Liquidation).—At the MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS, held THIS DAY, in accordance with the Advertisement dated 2nd November 1870, the following Resolution was carried unanimously:—"That this Meeting be ADJOURNED till 3 o'clock on TUESDAY, the 10th January 1871.

H. MAXWELL, Chairman.

Bombay, 6th December 1870.

IN accordance with the above, a GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held in the Office of the Company on TUESDAY, 10th January 1871, at which the RESOLUTIONS already advertised WILL BE PROPOSED.

H. MAXWELL, Chairman

Bombay, 6th December 1870.

ENGLISH ASSURANCE COMPANY.—NOTICE is hereby given, that the HALF-YEARLY SUBSCRIPTION to the Company FALLS DUE on the 1st proximo, and will be received at the Office of the undersigned in Elphinstone Circle.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 6th December 1870.

ALBERT LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

At a large MEETING of POLICYHOLDERS of the ALBERT LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY and its ASSOCIATED OFFICES to-day, Mr. JAMES THOMSON in the Chair, the following RESOLUTIONS were adopted:—

1. "That the Policyholders approve and accept the scheme of reconstruction prepared by the Committee of Policyholders, Annuitants, and Shareholders in the Albert Life Assurance Company, and now submitted to the Meeting, subject to such modifications as may be found expedient, and be sanctioned by the Court of Chancery."

2. "That this Meeting earnestly impress upon the Policyholders the importance of sending in their individual assents to the scheme as speedily as possible, so as to strengthen the hands of the Committee in carrying the same into effect."

3. "That the Policyholders consider it desirable and agree to pay the premiums due of their respective Policies to an account to be opened at the Bank of England and the Agra Bank, Limited, in the names of Messrs. Thomson, Bell, and Major-General Cunningham, three of the Members of the Committee of Policyholders, Annuitants, and Shareholders in the Albert Life Assurance Company; the premiums to be returned, in case the Scheme of Reconstruction should not be carried out, without deduction of any kind."—*Times*, 26th April 1870.

The AGRA BANK, Limited, is PREPARED to RECEIVE PREMIA on Policies in the above Company, in terms of the foregoing Resolutions.

EDWARD MORRIS, Manager, Bombay Branch.

Bombay, 1st June 1870.

AT a MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the BANK of INDIA, held at the Office of the Bank, No. 90 Moody Street, on WEDNESDAY the 19th October at 12 o'clock noon.

PRESENT.

Framjee Nasrojee, Esq., Liquidator.
Cursondas Nensee, Esq
Vassonjee Cursonjee, Esq
Lakhmidas Nasjee, Esq
Samuldass Raghunathdass, Esq
Lallubhai Purmanund, Esq
Muncherjee Nowrojee, Esq
Kessowjee Dewjee, Esq
Peerbhoy Khimjee, Esq,
And others.

Proposed by Dr. Beramjee Naorosjee, and seconded by Mr. Jaichund Jeewun,—"That Mr. Tribhoowandass Nuthoobhoy do take the Chair."

The Advertisement convening the Meeting and the Report were read.

Proposed by the Chairman, and seconded by Mr. Samuldass Raghunathdass,—"That the resignation from 11th July 1870 of Mr. J. A. J. Shaw as Liquidator of the Bank of India be accepted, and that Dr. Beramjee Naorosjee be appointed the sole Liquidator."—Carried unanimously.

Proposed by Mr. Cursondas Nensee, and seconded by Mr. Peerbhoy Khimjee,—"That the Report of the Liquidator and the final Statement of Accounts of the winding up of the Bank of India made up to 15th October 1870, now read, be approved and adopted."—Carried unanimously.

Proposed by Mr. Vassonjee Cursonjee, and seconded by the Chairman,—"That whatever Balance that may remain after providing for all the contingent expenses of the liquidation be, and is, hereby presented to Dr. Beramjee Naorosjee for his valuable services to the Bank."—Carried unanimously.

Proposed by Mr. Moolchund Khoosall, and seconded by Mr. Kessowjee Dewjee,—"That the affairs of the Bank of India are fately and fully wound up."—Carried unanimously.

Proposed by Mr. Samuldass Raghunathdass, and seconded by Mr. Peerbhoy Khimjee,—"That all Books, Vouchers and Papers belonging to the Bank of India be deposited with Dr. Beramjee Naorojee, but that he be not responsible for any loss or damage they may sustain while in his custody."—Carried unanimously.

Proposed by the Chairman, and seconded by Mr. Muncherjee Nowrojee,—"That the best thanks of the Shareholders are due to the Liquidators, Messrs J A J Shaw and Beramjee Naorojee for the very able and satisfactory manner in which the liquidation of the Bank of India has been completed."—Carried unanimously.

Proposed by Mr. Muncherjee Nowrojee, and seconded by Mr. Peerbhoy Khimjee,—"That the best thanks of the Meeting be given to the Chairman for his able conduct in the Chair."

TRIBHOOWUNDASS NUTHOOBHOY, Chairman.

MAHARAJ SARAWUK JAENEE HINDOOSTAN BANKING AND TRADING COMPANY (Limited),

Registered under Act XIX. of 1857, Act VII. of 1860, and Act X. of 1866 of the Legislative Council of India.

Capital Rs. 250,00,000, in 2,50,000 Shares of Rs. 100 Each.

Head Office formerly Calcutta, at present Delhi.

Hours of Business from 10 A.M. to 4 P.M. and on Saturday 10 A.M. to 1 P.M. The Bank will not receive or pay cash after 3 P.M.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta. | Saharunpore. | Cawnpore. | Bombay.

BUSINESS.

The object for which this Company is established is the rapsoating of a general Banking Commission and Agency business, as well as a general Mercantile and Trading business.

COMMISSION.

The Bank will take charge of Government Securities, Stocks, Shares, &c., without charge and realizing interest and dividends thereon as due in the following terms: if to be remitted by the Bank's own drafts on its Agencies, no commission will be charged, but if otherwise, the rate of commission will be ¼ per cent.

On the sale or purchase of Government Securities, Stocks, Shares, &c., and on delivering of Securities from safe custody, a commission of ¼ per cent. will be charged.

The Company in its Trading Department undertakes the purchase and sale of all classes of merchandise for which the commission will be charged on the net amount paid for them as well as realized, at the following rates:—

On gold, silver and sovereigns ¼ per cent

On Jewellery, Piece Goods of all descriptions, Twist, Cotton, and all other classes of merchandise

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

SHARE MARKET.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON.

MARKET for Land and Spinning shares declining. Bank shares and Government Paper remain steady.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Number of Shares.	Nominal value per sh.	Paid up.	Last dividend.	Names.	Cash Rates per Share.
	Rs.	Rs.	p. a.		
100,000	100	all	3 p.ct.	Agra Bank	95
23,000	1,000	all	10 p.ct.	Bank of Bengal	1,460
10,000	500	all	6 p.ct.	Ditto of Bombay New	605
10,000	500	100	5 do.	Ditto 2nd Res. Issue	185
6,456	1,000	all	12 p.ct.	Ditto of Madras	1,650
20,000	250	all	6 p.ct.	Chartered Mercantile Bk. of I. L. & China	250
10,000	275	all	12 p.ct.	Hong. & Shanghai Bank	360
40,000	200	all	nil	Chartered Bk. of I. & C.	150
37,000	250	125	5 p.ct.	National Bank of India	112
20,000	250	all	12 do.	Oriental Bank	440

LAND COMPANIES.

4,000	3,000	all	Ills. 7(	Colaba Land Co	1,565
8,000	150	all		Fraze Land & Pier Co. Ld	155
750	2,000	2,000	Nil	Mazagon Land	985
4,000	2,000	1,600	Nil	Fort Canning	250

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

...	£20	212.10.0	p. c.	G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock	235
...	£20	109.15	do.	Do. New £20 shares	125
...	£ (	43.15.2	do.	Do.	...
...	£10	1,000	do.	B. B. & C. I. Railway Co.	1,100
...	£10	196.5.1	do.	Do. New Shares	200

PRESS COMPANIES.

186	3,500	2,850	250ps.	Akbar Cotton Press Co.	2,350
200	2,000	1,100	750ps.	Albert Co. Kurrachee	715
260	5,750	800	Nil.	Alexandra Press Co.	460
150	15,000	1,000	3000ps.	Apollo Press Co.	2,600
200	2,000	all	2650ps.	Bombay Press Co.	2,200
200	500	all	664ps.	Do. New	550
500	1,500	all	900ps.	Colaba Press Co.	6,200
350	2,000	all		East India Press Co.	3,500
150	9,000	all	1,000*	Fort Press Co.	9,250
200	1,750	1,800	...	Framji Cowasji Press	1,000
200	6,000	all	Nil.	Hydraulic Press Co.	2,400
200	5,000	1,500	150 ps.	Imperial Press Co.	1,300
1,000	1,000	1,000	250 ps.	Kurrachee Press Co.	875
2,000	400	350	35 ps.	Mofus. Press & G. Co.	370
128	2,500	all	350*	Prince of Wales Press	2,400
125	1,000	775	ps.	Oriental Press, Madras	1,000
154	2,000	all	150 ps.	Tinnevelly Press Co.	1,100
400	1,500	...	...	Carwar Company	600

*Per share for the half-year.

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

400	2,000	1,700	50	Albert Mills Co.	1,320
500	2,500	all	125ps*	Alliance Spinning	2,450
180	5,000	all		Bombay	3,900
300	1,000	all	25*	Bombay United	975
1,020	150	150	...	Branch Mills	200
600	5,000	all	...	Dharumsey Spinning	2,200
750	2,000	all	150	Great Eastern	1,710
12,500	1,000	all	80 ps.	Manockji Petit's	1,055
3,000	1,000	all	50 p.c.	Oriental	2,150
600	1,500	1,300	...	Royal	1,750

*Per share for the half-year.

MISCELLANEOUS.

...	2,500	1,500	75ps.	Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation	800
11,000	50	all	5pc.	Mechanics' B'ld'g Co.	30
600	1,000	300	21 ps.	Kurrachee Landing and Shipping Company	170
3,000	500	all	25 ps.	Treasher & Co.	350

BANKS IN LIQUIDATION.

		Date of Liquidation.		
—	500	To Jan. '68	Bank of Bombay	20
—	500	31	Do. China	1
—	250	2 Mar. '68	Central Bank	1
—	...	...	East India Bank's Indian Peninsula	14
—	200	13 Feb. '67	Royal Bank	1
—	200	98 May '67		5

COMPANIES IN LIQUIDATION.

—	5,200	2,275 Nov. '66	Back Bay Co.	65
—	3,500	2,440 ...	B'bay & Bengal S. S.	10

EXCHANGE.

On	Terms.	Rate
London	At sight	Is. 10 5/16d.
London Banks	6 months' sight	Is. 10 11/16d.
Do. Credits	6 Do. do.	Is. 10¾d.
Do. Documents	6 Do. do.	Is. 11d.
Calcutta	At sight	100 7/16
Do.	30 days' sight	100¼
Do.	90 days' sight	99½
Madras	At sight	99½
Do.	30 days' sight	99½
China	90 Do. do	228

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Five-and-a-half per cent	113½
Five per cent	106½
Four per cent	98½
Four & half per cent. (Public Works Loan)	108½
Five per cent Debenture Loan 1866-67	108
15 years' Debenture Loans	108
10 years' do. do.	108
5 years' do. do.	103
Six per cent. Municipal Loan Home Rate	115
Do. Do. Market Rate	115

BANK OF BOMBAY.

Government Securities	4 per cen
Mercantile Bills	6 ,,

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereign each	Rs. 10-6
Bank of England Notes	,, 10-4
Carolus	,, 220
Mexican Dollars	,, 220
Five-Franc Pieces	,, 203
Bar Silver	,, 106-1
Gold Leaf	,, 15-1
Bar Gold 10oz. English	,, 16
Australian Gold	,, 196

MILITARY.

ARRIVALS.—DECEMBER 20.

Mullins, Quartermaster, Bombay 1-11th Regiment, on sick certificate, from Morar.

Hunter, Lieutenant, Royal Artillery, on leave, from Sangor.

Echalaz, Lieutenant, Assistant Superintendent Revenue Survey, on sick certificate, from Sholapore.

Morse, Lieutenant, Public Work Department, on leave, from Rutnagherry.

DEPARTURES.—DECEMBER 20.

Anderson, Lieutenant, Royal Artillery, on duty, to Allahabad.

Moore, Lieutenant, Royal Artillery, on duty, to Allahabad.

Gastrill, Ensign, 2-25th Foot, on duty, to Bareilly.

Holland, Captain, Royal Artillery, on duty, to Beypore.

Hepburne, Lieutenant, Royal Artillery, on duty, to Cannanore.

Dobson, Captain, 2-25th Foot, on duty, to Bareilly.

Rowcroft, Lieutenant, Royal Engineers, on duty, to Lahore.

Trist, Lieutenant, Royal Artillery, on duty, to Cannanore.

Brady, Major, 3rd Queen's, on duty, to Poona.

Penney, Captain, Royal Artillery, on duty, to Madras.

Edmunds, Captain, 45th Regiment, on duty, to Madras.

Ouseley, Major, Bengal Staff Corps, on duty, to Lucknow.

Smith, Staff Assistant Surgeon, Medical Staff, on duty, to Bengal.

Maclean, Staff Assistant Surgeon, Medical Staff, on duty, to Bengal.

Crowther, Captain, 2-1st Royals, on duty, to Bengal.

Broome, Ensign, 2-1st Royals, on duty, to Bengal.

Crawford, Major, 24th Regiment, to join, to Secunderabad.

Hyde, Staff Surgeon, Medical Staff, to join, to Madras.

Cogan, Staff Assistant Surgeon, Medical Staff, to join, to Bengal.

Hogg, Captain, Poona Horse, on duty, to Seroor.

Hope, Ensign, 1-8th King's, on duty, to Nusserabad.

Green, Colonel, Staff Corps, to rejoin, to Bhooj.

Campbell, Lieutenant, Madras Body Guard, to join, to Madras.

Stewart, Captain, 18th Hussars, to join, to Poona.

Simpson, Cornet, 18th Hussars, to join, to Poona.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, Dec. 17.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Dr. W. J Mountjoy, officiating Civil Surgeon of Akyab, is confirmed in his appointment, with effect from the 1st February 1869.

Mr. F. C. Canning, appointed by the Secretary of State for India a member of Her Majesty's Civil Service on the Bengal Establishment, has reported his arrival on the 1st instant.

Mr. J. Deas, appointed by the Secretary of State for India a member of Her Majesty's Civil Service on the Bengal Establishment, has reported his arrival on the 1st ultimo.

Mr. A. Marriott, Assistant District Superintendent of Police, Central Provinces, has obtained fifteen months' leave of absence to Europe on medical certificate, with effect from the 10th September 1870.

Lieutenant A. H. Macintire, Probationary Assistant Superintendent Mysore Revenue Survey, has passed an examination in Canarese, according to the test prescribed for officers of the Mysore Commission, on the 10th November 1870.

The Rev. J. A. Stamper, B. A., Junior Chaplain, is promoted to be a Senior Chaplain from the 3rd instant.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Lieutenant-Colonel T. M. McHutchin, Deputy Superintendent of the 1st grade, Mysore district, having returned from the leave granted to him in Madras G. O. No. 399, dated 26th October 1868, will resume charge of his district.

Major C. Elliot, C.S.I., Superintendent of the Ashtagram Division, having returned from the leave to Europe granted to him in Madras G. O. C. No. 410 of the 30th November 1868, will resume charge of his division.

Major J. A Campbell, officiating Superintendent of the Ashtagram Division, will assume charge of the Nundidroog Division from Captain T. G. Clarke.

Captain T. G Clarke will resume charge of the duties of Officiating Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore and Coorg.

Captain R. A. Cole, Superintendent of Coorg and Officiating Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore and Coorg, to act, until further order, as Deputy Superintendent of the Bangalore District, from the date of his being relieved by Captain T. G Clarke.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Surgeon Major J. Irvine, M.D., of the Royal Horse Artillery, is appointed to be Staff Surgeon-Major during the period he may be in charge of the Gwalior Circle.

The undermentioned officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs:—

Captain Alfred Frederic Pollock Harcourt, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Assistant Commissioner, Punjab,—for two years, embarking at Bombay.

Major, Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, Thomas Edward Gordon, of the Bengal Staff Corps,—for one year, embarking at Bombay.

Lieutenant Robert Bartholomew, of the General List, Cavalry, Assistant Commissioner, Punjab,—for two years, embarking at Bombay.

The undermentioned officers of the Bengal Staff Corps having completed twenty-six years' service, are promoted to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, from the dates specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Majors William Elliot Marshall and Francis Henry Hassmer,—9th December 1870.

Majors, Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas, James, C.B.; John Adam Tytler, V.C.; Richard Joseph Dickson Ferris; Frederic James Stephenson; Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Trevor Wheler; Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Mangles James Brander; Frederick John Ellis; Frederick Ernest Laing; Montagu James White; and Samuel Dewe White,—10th December 1870.

The undermentioned officers of the Bengal Staff Corps having completed twenty years' service, are promoted to the rank of Major, from the dates specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Captains, Brevet-Major, George Charles Deprez; Brevet Major Clement John Mead; Henry Reche Osborn; Edward Henry Cassen Simpson; and George Bowen Cassan Simpson,—9th December 1870.

Captains, Brevet Major, John Hadow Jenkins; Eugene Chatterbuck Impey; William Cavendish Bentinck Ryan; Edward Thornbrough Sadler; and Lawrence Henry Williams,—10th December 1870.

The undermentioned officers of the Bengal Staff Corps having completed twelve years' service, are promoted to the rank of Captain, from the dates specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Lieutenants John William Taylor; Walter Ernest Forbes; and Francis William Collis,—10th December 1870.

Lieutenants William Barron; William James Wemyss Moir; George Buckley Stevens; Clayton Turner Lane; Edward Newbery; William Saurin Brooke; Charles McNeile; John Munro Sym; Charles Sangster De Fermoy Roche; Arthur Gore Handcock; David Ross Clarke; Charles Stewart Pratt; and Frederick Henry Alexander,—11th December 1870.

Lieutenant Elliot Alexander Money, of 105th Foot, 2nd Squadron Subaltern 4th Cavalry Punjab Frontier Force, is admitted to the Bengal Staff Corps, with effect from the 22nd Sept. 1869, subject to the confirmation of the Secretary of State for India.

Captain F. S. Carr, of the General List, Infantry, promoted to the rank of Captain from the 9th August 1870, is permitted to retain the appointment of Adjutant of the 5th Punjab Cavalry, Punjab Frontier Force.

Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the undermentioned gentlemen to be Assistant Surgeons in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces at the Presidency of Bengal. They are accordingly admitted into the service:—

Assistant Surgeon Joseph O'Brien,—date of arrival at Fort William, 4th December 1870.

Assistant Surgeon James Reid, M.D.,—date of arrival at Fort William, 9th December 1870.

Assistant Surgeon Gilbert Proby Mackenzie, M.B.,—date of arrival at Fort William, 9th December 1870.

The undermentioned officers of the Staff Corps having completed five years' service as substantive Lieutenant-Colonel, are promoted to the rank of Colonel by brevet, from the dates specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Lieutenant Colonels Thomas Rattray, C.S.I., Bengal Staff Corps; James Hyde Champion, Bombay Staff Corps; William Russell Elliott, Bengal Staff Corps; and Robson Benson, Madras Staff Corps,—10th December 1870.

Lieutenant Colonels Robert Maxwell Johnstone, Bombay Staff Corps; John Matthew Cripps, Bengal Staff Corps; John William Bristow, Bengal Staff Corps; and John Pitcairn Sandwith, Bombay Staff Corps,—11th December 1870.

The following promotions are made from the dates specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

BREVET.—To be Colonels.

Lieutenant Colonels James Price Clarkson, Bengal Infantry; George Uvedale Price, Bombay Staff Corps; George Gibson Anderson, Bengal Infantry; and Walter Montriou, Bombay Infantry,—10th December 1870.

To be Captain.

Lieutenant Charles Alexander Edward Stapleton Carter, late 20th Native Infantry,—11th December 1870.

The permission to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs, granted to 2nd Captain P. Lambert, of the Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer, 2nd grade, Rawul Pindee Division, Department Public Works, by G. G. O. No. 1068 of the 8th November 1870, is cancelled at his own request.

The following temporary promotions are made in the commissioned grades of the Army Commissariat Department:—

Captain N. F. Parker, Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 2nd class, and officiating Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 1st class, to officiate as Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd class, from 18th October 1870, during the absence on furlough to Europe of Major J. A. M. Biggs, Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 1st class, and officiating Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd class, or until further orders.

Captain J. V Hunt, Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 1st class, and officiating Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd class, to officiate as Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 1st class; and C. O'Donel, Sub Assistant Commissary General, 2nd class, and officiating Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 1st class, to officiate as Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd class, from 11th November 1870, during the absence on furlough to Europe of Lieutenant Colonel H. A. Taylor, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd class, and officiating Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 1st class, or until further orders.

Lieutenants J. R. Burlton Bennett, Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 3rd class, on probation, to officiate as Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 1st class, with effect from 25th November 1870, and until further orders.

The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Captain (Major in Staff Corps) W. A. Garden, Cadre of the late 30th Native Infantry, to be Major, and Lieutenant Alfred James Steed, General List, Infantry, to be Captain, from 4th December 1870, in room of Major F. M. H. Forbes, Staff Corps, deceased.

The services of Lieutenant A. W. Gairdner, of the 109th Foot, temporary Assistant Engineer, Department Public Works, Irrigation Branch, Punjab, are, at his own request, replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

Captain Charles David Peter Nott, of the late 4th European Regiment, is allowed furlough to Europe on medical certificate, under the Regulations of 1868.

Surgeon Major George Hutchinson Ray, M.D., of the Medical Department, in medical charge of the 13th Bengal Cavalry (Lancers), is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on private affairs, for two years.

Major-General A. Broome, C.S.I., of the Royal Artillery, Controller General of Military Expenditure, is allowed leave of absence for six months from the 1st November 1870, to remain at Simla on medical certificate.

Captain William George Keppel, of the Bengal Staff Corps, is allowed furlough to Europe on private affairs, for six months, embarking at Bombay.

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, Allahabad Companies.—No. 5 Company, Ensign James Carlisle Kertland to be Lieutenant, vice Lieutenant G H. Ford, resigned.

No. 4 Company, Colour Sergeant David Neville to be Ensign, vice Ensign Kertland, promoted. The appointment of the above officers is subject to their passing an examination in drill.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the following appointments in the Marine Department, with effect from the 16th May 1870.

Captain A. Baker, Extra Assistant Master Attendant and Agent for Transports, officiating Deputy Master Attendant, to be 1st Assistant Master Attendant, vice Captain T. M. Philbrick, resigned, but to continue to officiate as Deputy Master Attendant until further orders.

Captain E. J. Butler, 2nd Assistant Master Attendant, officiating 1st Assistant, to be Extra Assistant Master Attendant and Agent for Transports, vice Captain Baker, but to continue to officiate as 1st Assistant Master Attendant until further orders.

Lieutenant F. W. Swappe, officiating Extra Assistant Master Attendant and Agent for Transports, to be 2nd Assistant Master Attendant and Agent for Government Consignments, vice Captain Butler, but to continue to officiate as Extra Assistant Master Attendant and Agent for Transports until further orders.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr. C. Swappe, Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, is transferred from the Punjab to Central India for employment on the Indore State Railway. Mr. Swappe is promoted to Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, from date of making over charge of his duties in the Punjab.

Lieutenants W. H. Johnstone, R.E., J. Brown, R.E., and W. H. Gregson, are appointed to the Public Works Department as Assistant Engineers of the 2nd grade, and posted to Central India for employment on the Indore State Railway.

Lieutenant John Henry Crowdy, R.E., is appointed to the Public Works Department as an Executive Engineer, 4th grade, under the conditions stated in Public Works Department Code, Chapter II, Section IV, para. 4c, and posted to the Punjab.

Mr. A. Izat, Executive Engineer, 3rd grade, employed on His Highness the Nizam's State Railway, is promoted to the 2nd grade, with effect from the date on which he made over charge of the West Berar Division of Public Works.

Lieutenant-Colonel Sir E. Leeds, Staff Corps, Executive Engineer, 1st grade, North-Western Provinces, is appointed to officiate as Superintending Engineer, and posted to the Central Provinces.

The following promotions are made in the Accounts Branch of the Public Works Department, with effect from the 1st September 1870:—

From 2nd to 1st Grade Accountant.

Mr. R. A. Butterfield, Hyderabad.

From 3rd to 2nd Grade Accountant.

Mr. C. Sowerby, British Burmah.

Mr. E. Lacey, Mysore.

Mr. R. A. Butterfield, Accountant, 1st grade, is transferred from Hyderabad to the North Western Provinces.

Mr. E. Lacey, Accountant, 2nd grade, is transferred from Mysore to Hyderabad.

Mr. E. C. Bird, an Assistant Superintendent of the 4th grade, has obtained three months' leave on medical certificate, with effect from the 26th November 1870.

MADRAS ARMY ORDERS.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

8th December 1870.

Ensign B. A. N. Parrott, 76th Foot, is appointed 2nd Wing Subaltern 11th Regiment Native Infantry, and with the sanction of Government a probationer of the Madras Staff Corps.

Ensign Parrott is ordered to do duty with the 36th Regiment Native Infantry until further orders.

12th December 1870.

The undermentioned officers are directed to proceed and do duty at the Depot at Wellington, until further orders.—

Captain C. C. Willoughby, and Ensign H. Alfrey, 3rd Battalion 60th Rifles.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. J. Jones, Staff Corps, 2nd in Command and Wing Officer 4th Native Infantry, having arrived at Madras from Mooltan, will proceed to Bellary and await the arrival of the head quarters of his regiment at that station.

Lieutenant W. T. Mush, 2nd Battalion 24th Foot, is detailed for duty with his regimental depot, and will proceed to England during the ensuing cold season, doing duty with troops on the voyage.

Lieutenant A. Wright, 45th Foot, is detailed for duty with his regimental depot, and will proceed to England during the ensuing cold season, doing duty with troops on the voyage.

Veterinary Surgeon S. R. Sartin, 23rd Brigade Royal Artillery, will join the B. Battery of his brigade at the public expense, and proceed with it to Thayemyo.

Veterinary Surgeon J. C. Berns, 20th Brigade Royal Artillery, will proceed to Trichinopoly at the public expense, and join B. Battery of that brigade.

Veterinary Surgeon W. D. Sartin, 23rd Brigade, will proceed to Bangalore at the public expense, for duty with the batteries of his brigade at that station.

13th December 1870.

The following posting is ordered:—

Capt. G. Randell, Staff Corps, to "Attached" 25th N.I.

Captain D. W. Williams is directed to do duty with the 3rd Light Infantry until the arrival at Madras of the 19th Native Infantry, when he will join the latter corps.

The following orders are confirmed:—

23rd October 1870.—By Officer Commanding 2nd Native Infantry, appointing Lieut.-Colonel A. Prichard, 2nd in Command and Wing Officer, to officiate as Commandant, without prejudice to his present appointment, vice Colonel Steele proceeded on duty to Madras.

15th November 1870.—By the Officer Commanding 15th Native Infantry, appointing Lieutenant-Colonel G. Hearn to assume command at the regiment—Major J. Crawford to officiate as 2nd in Command and Wing Officer, and Captain Robinson as Wing Officer, the latter officer without prejudice to his appointment as 1st Wing Subaltern, vice Colonel Walpole proceeded on medical certificate.

21st November 1870.—By the Officer Commanding 23rd Light Infantry, appointing Captain J. H. Gordon to officiate as Wing Officer without prejudice to his duties as 2nd Wing Subaltern, vice Major R. V. Handyside, relieved

22nd November 1870.—By the Officer Commanding 35th Native Infantry, appointing Captain B. W. Broughton to officiate as Wing Officer without prejudice to his other appointment, vice Captain Keith, relieved.

3rd December 1870.—By the Officer Commanding Hyderabad Subsidiary Force, appointing Captain A. W. O. Saunders, 2nd Battalion 21st Foot, whose term of office as Inspector of Musketry 2nd District expired on 30th ultimo, to continue to act in that appointment until relieved, or until further orders.

Leave of absence:—

Royal Horse Artillery.—Veterinary Surgeon J. Kettle, D. Brigade, to Madras, to appear before a medical board.

60th Rifles.—Ensign G. F. Gilbert, 3rd Battalion, to England, on medical certificate, from date of embarkation, to appear before a medical board by the first overland troop-ship, embarking at Bombay—unit to do duty with troop-ship.

Brigade Staff.—Captain H. R. Eliott, officiating Brigade Major, Malabar and Canara, privilege leave from 20th December 1870, or date of departure for 20 days.

1st Foot.—Ensign A. Howlett, 2nd Battalion, 2nd Wing Subaltern 28th Native Infantry, for 6 months, from the 5th December 1870, or date of departure—Madras, under the provisions of G. O. G. 452 of 1856.

24th Foot.—Lieutenant L. H. Bennett, from 2nd December 1870, or date of departure for 6 months—Nellgherries, S. C.

SHIPPING.

DAILY FREIGHT REPORT—20TH DECEMBER.

London	Cotton	£2 0s. 0d.	per ton.
	Cases	£2 0s. 0d. to £2 5s. 0d.	,,
	Seeds	£1 5s. 0d.	,,
Liverpool	Iron Ships Cotton	£1 11s. 3d.	,,
	Wooden Ships	£1 10s. 0d.	,,
	Myrabolms & Colr bdls	£0 7s. 6d. to £0 10s. 0d.	,,
	Seeds	£0 15s. 0d.	,,
Havre	Cotton	No ship loading	
	Coffee		
Overland	Steamers	£2 10s. 0d.	
Liverpool via Suez Canal		£2 8s. 0d. to £2 7s. 6d.	
China	Steamer Cotton	Rs. 3 to 7 per bale.	
	Opium	Rs. 250 to 300 per chest.	
	Sailing Ships	Rs. 3 per bale.	
Calcutta	Salt	Rs. 2 0 to 3 0 0 per ton.	
Calcutta to Bombay		Rs. 16 and Calcutta Port charges	
Mauritius		8 annas to 10 p. bag nominal	

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
20	Bennington	Sherman	Liverpool, Aug. 23.
	Pembrokeshire	Wilkinson	Calcutta, Aug. 5.
	Queen of Ceylon	Godrick	Bangkok, Oct. 4.
	Neera (s)	Coburn	Calcutta, Dec. 8.
	General Outram (s)	Teasdale	Cochin, Dec. 14.

DEPARTURE.

Dec.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
20	Arabia (s)	Mathews	Malabar Coast and Calcutta.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—

Ship Oliver Cromwell, Harwood, to Galle.

Ship Chatham, Roe, to Zanzibar.

DAILY IMPORTS.—20TH DECEMBER.

FROM LONDON.

Metis, 40 cases cognac, Cutler Palmer & Co.

Niger (s), 25 cases claret, Cutler Palmer & Co.

Atlanta (s), 50 cases sherry, Cutter Palmer & Co.

Tagus (s), 7 cases cochineal, K. Bhugwndass; 2 bales and 1 case paper, the London A. and A. Company; 4 cases candles and 2 cases cheese, H. E. Fazell; 6 cases biscuit and 3 cases cheese, the London A. and A. Company; 4 cases cochineal, the London A. and A. Company.

Cingala, 20 cases claret, Payne & Co.

Canning, 20 cases candles, John S. Elmore & Co; 20 cases claret, Payne & Co; 150 cases brandy, J. Nowrojee.

Paraguay (s), 5 bales paper. H. F. Soares.

Fluellin, 50 hogsheads beer, the London A. and A. Company.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Brazilian (s), 35 casks hardware, N. Chandabhoy.

Wennington, 20 cases school slates, John S. Elmore & Co.

FROM TRIESTE.

Oreste (s), 2 cases buttons, John S. Elmore & Co.

FROM BORDEAUX

Amanda, 100 cases brandy, Alsen, Riebe & Co.

Almora, 49 boxes brandy, Sir Charles Forbes & Co.

nuanore, 100 cases brandy, Alsen, Riebe & Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—20TH DECEMBER.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Victoria Cross, 109 bales cotton, Finlay, Muir & Co.; 50 bales cotton, Khimjee Bhanaa; 300 bales cotton, Leggatt & Co.

Ellen Bates, 43 bales cotton, Shamjee Narranjee & Co.; 38 bales cotton, Visrambhoy Ebram & Co.

Gitana, 76 bales cotton, Rasmadas Dwarkdass; 3 bales cotton, Canjee Hemraj; 84 bales cotton, Gunesdass Nursingdass.

Balkamah, 118 bales cotton, Sookumchund Motilall; 100 bales cotton, Malljee Ruttonsee; 100 bales cotton, Amroothal; Runsordass; 100 bales cotton Bhoorabhoy Moolceechund; 42 bales cotton, Hurnaran Shreekuesun; 38 bales cotton, Somchund Mitha; 2 cases oilbanum, Gaddum & Co.; 100 bales wool, Cullianjee Pitambur; 47 bales cotton, Hootachund Cupoorchund; 61 bales cotton, Khutchermull Matta; 50 bales cotton, Jirajbhoy Peerbhoy; 56 bales cotton, Golabray Govindram; 27½ bales cotton, Tollchund Raindyal; 38 bales cotton, Luckmeedass Shewdass.

Historian (s), 35 bales cotton, Megjee Narranjee; 103 bales cotton, Bee erdass Ambaidass; 34 bales cotton, Motilal Bathee; 60 bales cotton, Hurnaryan Shreekrison; 59 bales cotton, Jewraz Balloo.

Mabel, 200 bales cotton, H. D. Freck & Co.

Deccan (s), 36 bales cotton, Canjee Purbut & Co.; 48 bales wool, Goolam Hoosen Fazul & Co.; 55 bales wool, Shamjee Narranjee & Co.; 50 bales cotton, Luckomsee Bhograj & Co.

Tagus (s), 1,450 wet dates, Lilladhur Kirpall; 168 bags linseed, Nanjee Meerjee; 750 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 1,500 bundles gulls, Purshotum Narranjee; 52 bales cotton, Damodhur Lilladhur; 4,400 bundles coir-rope, H. Rahimtoolla Bulleding; 155 bales cotton, W. Nicol & Co.

FOR LONDON.

Saladin, 10 packages jumalgota, Husson Khan; 3 chests cowds, Hasson Khan; 43 cases oilbanum, Hasson Khan; 24½ bales roots, Tulsidas Nursidas.

Deccan (s), 100 cases oilbanum, Ralli Brothers; 10 cases peacock feathers, Ramtoola Cadurbhoy; 10 cases peacock feathers and 5 cases blood stones, Nanay Dewjee; 93 boxes silver bars, the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank.

FOR TRIESTE.

Deccan (s), 100 bales cotton, Gaddum & Co.; 200 bales cotton, H. Bomanjee Touche & Co.; 32 bales cotton, Peel, Cassels & Co.

Oreste (s), 100 bales cotton, Gaddum & Co.

FOR VENICE.

Oreste (s), 6 bales cotton, Remington & Co.; 50 bales cotton, G. Sigg & Co.

FOR SUEZ.

Deccan (s), 75 casks coffee and 2 bales silk, A. Tait, Esq.

FOR HONGKONG.

Char (s), 13 bales cotton, Hotchund Furnshram; 61 pieces E. teeth, Amerchund Dewchund; 60 pieces E. teeth, Abdoot Currim Fazul; 4 chests Malwa opium, Currimbhoy Ebram; 38½ chests Malwa opium, Dwarkdass Vussonjee & Co.; 51 bales cotton, D. C. Tata; 80 bales cotton, W. Nicol & Co.; 13 chests Malwa opium, Rehemoobhoy Habibbhoy; 100 pieces E. teeth, Monoee Hurruckchund; 20 chests Malwa opium, Ramdass Brothers & Co.; 15 chests Malwa opium, T. Amjee; 11 chests Malwa opium, D. D. Ghandy & Co.; 8 chests Malwa opium, D. Rustomjee & Co.; 20 chests Malwa opium, R. Brothers & Co.; 148 chests Malwa opium, David Sassoon & Co.; 2½ chests Malwa opium, J. Remjee; 13 chests Malwa opium, M. Goculdass; 8 chests Malwa opium, S. Nusserwanjee; 9 chests Malwa opium, H. E. Sherriff; 11 chests Malwa opium, R. Habebhoy; 5 chests Malwa opium, H. A. H. Ebram; 9 chests Malwa opium, G. Coonjee"; 11 chests Malwa opium, D. C. Tata.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Behar (s), 45 chests Malwa opium, E. D. Sassoon; 22 chests Malwa opium, E. J. Abram; 53 chests Malwa opium, Ruttonjee Eduljee; 15 chests Malwa opium, H. Manockhund; 10 chests Malwa opium, J. Ramjee; 5 chests Malwa opium, R. Rungeelall; 30½ chests Malwa opium, E. D. Sassoon; 13 chests Malwa opium, R. Jugnath; 15 chests Malwa opium, H. Nursingdass; 21 chests Malwa opium, E. D. Sassoon.

POSTAL NOTICES.

OVERLAND MAILS.

The Overland Mails per P. and O. Co.'s Steam Packets leave Bombay every Saturday at 5-30 P.M.

The Mails will be closed at the General Post Office at 2 P.M.

The after packet at 3 P.M.

After packet letters will not be forwarded unless an eight anna stamp is affixed to the letter in addition to the postage.

Registered letters will be received at the General Post Office until 1 P.M.

The latest hour for posting Overland covers at the several Branch Post Offices will be 1-30 P.M.

Late letters will be received at the Pier Post Office till 4-30 P.M.

CHINA MAILS.

The Post Office Packets for Ceylon, Penang, Singapore and Hongkong, per P. & O. Company's steamer, will be closed on Thursday, December 22. (Packet will be closed at 8 A.M; after packet at 10 A.M.)

AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

The Post Office Packet for Australia, per P. & O. steamer, will be closed on Tuesday, December 27. (Packet will be closed at 8-9 A.M.; after-packet at 10 A.M.)

MAILS TO MAURITIUS.

Letters, &c., for Mauritius, Reunion, &c., will be forwarded on the following date from Bombay to Aden, to be thence conveyed by the French Mail Packets to destination:—

31st December 1870.

POSTAGE BY THE BRINDISI ROUTE.

The Postage rates chargeable on Correspondence forwarded "via Brindisi," to the United Kingdom or places served through the United Kingdom, are as follows:—

For the United Kingdom.

Each Letter per ½ ounce—annas 8.

Each Newspaper per 4 ounces—annas 2, pie 8.

Each Book or Pattern Packet not exceeding one ounce—annas 2; not exceeding 2 ounces—annas 3, pie 4; not exceeding 4 ounces—annas 4, pie 8; every additional 4 ounces—annas 4, pie 8.

For places served through the United Kingdom.

Each Letter—8 pie per ½ ounce less than the published rate for a Letter sent via Marseilles.

Each Newspaper—8 pie per 4 ounces more than the published rate for a Newspaper sent via Marseilles.

Each packet of Books or Patterns—8 pie per 4 ounces more than the published rate for a packet sent via Marseilles.

The full prepayment of Correspondence forwarded via Brindisi is compulsory, and all covers not fully prepaid will, unless specially marked by the senders for transmission by any other route, and conforming to its conditions, be forwarded via Southampton.

DESPATCH OF INLAND MAILS FROM BOMBAY.

REVISED TABLE of the hours for closing the Inland Mails on and after the 1st December 1870, and until further notice.

MAILS.	Latest hours for posting. At General Post Office. Ordinary Letters & Papers.	After Packet Letters.	At Branch Post Offices.
For Bengal, N. W. Provinces, Punjab, Central Provinces, Malwa, Berar, and for the following Post Towns on the N. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway—Wassind, Kussara, Egutpoora, Nassick, Munnar, Nandgaum, Chalisgaum; and those from Bhoosawul

governs in honourable rivalry of their mighty neighbour and protector, or whether they will elect (as I think the nobler choice) by a voluntary surrender of their isolated sovereignty to enter the councils of India as nobles of the empire, time will decide. They have been fully assured by your Excellency that no privilege which they desire to retain will be swept away as obsolete or will fail to be treated with respect. It is sufficient for the present to enter on the work before us with the conviction that the well-being of the subject is bound up with the culture of the chief: and that in the hope that if much has been done with far smaller advantages, or even under many drawbacks and difficulties, by the elder chieftains who have met your Excellency here to-day, a great work lies before those future rulers of Kattyawar, and who will grasp with the strength of well-educated minds the great leading principle of our political empire, that just and wise administration is the surest guarantee of the tributary throne."

Mr. Booth then came forward, and spoke as follows:—

"I thank your Excellency very heartily for the terms in which you have been kind enough to express yourself regarding my part in the erection of this building. I did hope and I expect to complete the building to the satisfaction of Colonel Anderson, who entrusted me with the work, as well as to the satisfaction of the chiefs of the province, in whose interest I have been employed. If I have succeeded in this, I am well repaid for my work. It is an honour in itself, which I can fully appreciate, to have been the architect of the first institution of this kind ever erected in Kattywar. I can only wish that the work was more worthy and myself more deserving of the remarks you have been pleased to pass upon me to-day. It is customary, your Excellency, upon the completion of any large and important work that the principal workmen and builders employed upon it should receive some mark of credit, should their work be considered satisfactory and creditable to them, and Col. Anderson has kindly permitted me to take advantage of this opportunity to mention the names of two of my contractors for the masonry and carpentry of this building—Pittambur Vasta and Overaj Dunnu. They have been employed upon this work since its first commencement, two and a-half years ago, and I can say no more in their praise to testify my acknowledgments to them for their good services than to say that I will always consider myself fortunate to secure the services of as good and intelligent builders to carry out my plans, and, with your Excellency's permission, I have to request that they be presented with these two puggries as a mark of credit for the work they have just completed."

The two contractors were then called in, and his Excellency presented them with the puggries. After this the ceremony concluded with fire-works.

The college was beautifully illuminated, and showed its noble proportions to perfection. It is built in Italian-Gothic style of architecture—two-storied, surrounded with open arcaded verandahs and terraced roofs. It consists of a main building 125 feet in length with two wings each 80 feet in length, making a total frontage of 285 feet, the centre consisting of class rooms, of which there are four, and a large central hall, all 20 feet high; and each wing contains three additional rooms. In the upper storey there are 24 separate dormitories with closets, porch, &c. On the principal entrance is a tower 50 feet in height, ornamented with cut-stone and foliated windows, and over the west entrance a portico 23 feet high, flanked by circular towers to the full height of the building, and bearing medallions and a shield inscribed with the name of the college, and the dates of the laying of its foundation-stone, laid by Colonel Anderson and its opening by H. E. the Governor. The whole building is constructed of the white sandstone of Rajkote.

The illumination ended, as all illuminations do, in smoke. Light frame-works at short distances, for the purpose of holding butties, were put up from the Agency bungalow all along the road to the Rajkoomar College, as also at the college itself and in the main roads, the station bazaar, and the roads leading to the city, and the main roads in the city. The several triumphal arches also were in a blaze, and the novelty of the thing at the station, where, in the memory of the oldest inhabitants, there had not been such a display, attracted crowds of rustics and others.

THE BOMBAY SCOTTISH ORPHANAGE.

The annual examination of the Bombay Scottish Orphanage Society's School was held at Mahim on Monday afternoon, and as usual a considerable number of ladies and gentlemen interested in the institution were present. As in former years the examination was held in a part of the spacious verandah of the principal building, which, decorated with flags and flowering plants, formed an excellent examination hall, having the advantage of being much cooler than the rooms inside. The gateway was hung with flags of different kinds, the garden in front had evidently been looked after with more than ordinary care by the malees, and the whole place was made to look gay and cheerful; but the prettiest sight there was the children. One of the principles on which the institution is conducted is to allow the children as much freedom as is consistent with proper discipline; and this, with the personal interest taken in the children by their instructors, and reciprocal feelings of confidence, converts what is usually the dull routine of life in such institutions as much as possible into family life. This result is apparent to the visitor as soon as he enters the compound. In few schools, and especially in few orphanage schools, are such bright, happy, healthful, faces to be seen. The taste with which the children dress—for in the matter of dress the tastes at all events of the elder boys and girls is allowed some play—is in itself cheerful, and as the pupils assembled for the examination the healthful and cheerful appearance both of the boys and girls,—perhaps we may say, without vexing the boys, particularly of the girls—was most striking, and spoke volumes for the management of Mr. and Mrs. Duthie.

The examination commenced about four o'clock, when the pupils and visitors having assembled. The meeting was opened by the singing of a psalm followed by prayer by the Rev. Mr. Boyd. Mr. N. Spencer, senior, having been voted to the chair, the pupils sang two songs, "The Wayside Well" and "A Canadian Boat Song," in a very pleasing style.

The Chairman in some opening remarks recommended that there should be no attempt made to subject the children to an examination with the view to test their acquirements as the time would not admit of, and the circumstances were not favourable to, that being done in a satisfactory manner; and it was all the less necessary, as the school had recently been examined by the Government Inspector, whose report would no doubt afford all the information that could be desired in that respect. And further, that unskilful examination, while it fails to bring out the result of instruction, is apt to create an unfavourable impression and to discourage the children. He therefore suggested that it would be best to leave the exercises in which the children should engage on the occasion to be directed by Mr. Duthie, who knew best what they could do.

The pupils were then examined in reading, parsing, &c., and acquitted themselves to the entire satisfaction of the visitors. A subject was given to the elder boys and girls on which to write a brief essay on their slates, viz., The pleasure they expected to derive from their trip to Elephanta on Wednesday; and generally speaking the few boys and girls who read the result of their five minutes' writing evidenced the soundness of their education not only by their grammatical correctness but by well-constructed sentences.

At intervals during the examination several amusing invitations were delivered, and a number of songs were sung. The singing was particularly good, and was on each occasion rewarded by the warm plaudits of the audience.

Mr. Spencer, addressing the children, said that he had no doubt all the visitors had been much gratified with what they had seen. The qualifications of the pupils had been tested, and though of course on such an occasion they could not go into a particular examination, but must depend upon the report of the Government Inspector, what they had seen had been very gratifying. What perhaps was most gratifying of all was that they all looked cheerful, and happy, and healthy. They were placed in circumstances for which they ought to be thankful. They were being well and carefully trained both for the proper fulfilment of their duties here and for eternity. It had been mentioned to him that a gentleman had given a special prize to the first boy and girl in the school, and he was very happy to make it known. He hoped they would all enjoy their trip to Elephanta on Wednesday, and he wished them all a merry Christmas, a happy New Year, and that they would profit during the next year by the advantages which in God's providence they possessed.

This speech to the pupils was loudly applauded by them; and Mr. Spencer then intimated to the visitors that one of the boys of the school, W. E. H. Nimmo, had successfully passed the University Matriculation examination. This was important, for only a very small percentage of those who went up for examination had been successful. He had heard that Nimmo was going up for examination, and he had not been surprised to hear that he had passed, for he had noticed the young man for a good while, and he congratulated the boy and also Mr. Duthie. Another boy had gone up, but he failed in Marathi. They could sympathise with the boy, for Marathi was a very difficult language, and he was pretty sure he would have passed had it not been for this. However, he hoped he would take conrage and do better on another occasion. He then called upon Nimmo's fellow-scholars to give him three cheers, which was heartily responded to.

After this followed the presentation of the prizes, no doubt the most interesting part of the proceedings to the pupils. The table in front of the Chairman was covered with very handsome prizes, which were presented by Mr. Spencer, who in most cases accompanied the presentation with a few words of encouragement. The special prizes provided for the dux both in the boys' and the girls' classes were gained by William Nimmo and Florence Warlenty, who received three cheers from their class mates.

The proceedings concluded with the singing of "Auld Lang Syne" by the children, after which the company partook of tea and cake and inspected the specimens of sewing and fancy work prepared by the girls. In respect to the quality of the work it will be necessary to give no opinion when we state that before the visitors had been many minutes round the exhibition table the whole stock was purchased.

All the visitors to the Orphanage on Monday we feel certain were pleased in no ordinary degree with the appearance and the intelligence of the children, and no doubt joined heartily in the hope, as we do, that the youngsters would spend an enjoyable day at Elephanta on Wednesday (to-day.)

REVIEW.

A MANUAL of MEDICAL JURISPRUDENCE for INDIA, including the outline of a history of crime against the person in India. By Norman Chevers, M.D. Calcutta: Thacker, Spink & Co.; Bombay: Thacker, Vining, & Co.; London: W. Thacker & Co. 1870.

THIS is the third edition of a work which has long been recognized as a most useful authority on the subject of which it treats. The aim and scope of the volume may be gathered from the preface. "This is not an elementary treatise on Medical Jurisprudence. It is a system for India intended to be used by those who have already mastered the science of legal medicine as it stands, well nigh complete for Europe, in the works of Taylor, Casper, and Guy." The author remarks also that since the introduction of the new Criminal Codes, much of the legal aspect of this part of jurisprudence has changed: hence it was necessary to adapt the work to the new system. Sufficient reference has been made throughout the book to the more important statutes and precedents of the different provinces of India, and as illustrating the care with which new cases have been collected, we may mention that notice has been given to that of Gunoo, the lunatic who died of fractured ribs in the Colaba Asylum. The volume abounds in reports of cases tried not only in the Sudder, but also in the Mofussil courts throughout India; this record of facts, judicially ascertained and illustrating the various devices of fraudulent and violent men in the East, is perhaps the part of the book which will for years make it valuable as a book of research, not only in medical and legal matters, but in the higher sciences of jurisprudence and philosophy. Indeed, the philosophic tenor of the compilation raises the manual above that useful literature which relates merely to technical knowledge. Dr. Chevers has none of the griffin's love for generalities. He affords no countenance to the thoughtless and inhuman theory that the various nations of India are to be studied merely as criminals; as if every Hindoo was a scoundrel, and every European a saint. "Carefully read, this work will be found to throw considerable light upon the true origin, nature, and distribution of crime in India; and by defining with fair clearness the classes among whom crime prevails, and by discovering the traditions upon which these criminals act, its facts do justice to the people at large, who, it is true, have certain illegal practices of great antiquity not unlike our own duelling and boxing, and who suffer grievously from the persecution of their criminal classes, the dacoits, thugs or road poisoners, wall piercers, &c., but whom it would be unjust to stigmatize generally." "The most facile, and the most fatal, error into which delineators of national character have fallen in all ages is that of representing prevalent crimes as national customs." As might be expected, Dr. Chevers in his account of crime has often followed the comparative method of Montaigne and set Western examples of cruelty side by side with those of the East. A perusal of this dreary but interesting multitude of facts suggests the sad observation that the Legislature, the judiciary, and the priesthood of most countries in a certain stage of civilization have systematically set the worst examples of barbarity before the peoples whom they ruled. "Nearly all the practices of mutilation employed by the natives of India have been known in Europe, and even in England during the last six or seven centuries:" and many of the worst forms of torture were as assiduously practised on various politic or theological pretexts by the civil and ecclesiastical tribunals of Christendom, as by the Mahomedan princes of India. Among such curious coincidences may be noticed the punishment of hanging in chains, the victim being tightly bound by many perpendicular and horizontal bands of iron, and then suspended under the glaring sun until death brought a lingering but welcome release. This nefarious institution is said to belong to both the East and West Indies. The diabolical ingenuity of torturers is illustrated by the number and variety of their methods. It makes the blood run cold to think of a man in Canara being made to sit among red ants as a means of extorting confession. In other cases, the victim was suspended by the hair, by the moustache, by the feet, head downwards, or hoisted up by a rope fastened to the wrists, or burnt or branded, or confined in a cell covered with quicklime or blinded with some acrid juice. The Nawab of Moorshedabad used to confine men for arrears of revenue in a house of bugs. These cruel propensities are perhaps most deplorably shown in the modes of tormenting boys at village schools in Bengal. The Rev. Mr. Long in 1869 obtained a series of photographs of these practices, which are remarkably cruel and dangerous.

The volume contains a long and careful account of the effects of different kinds of poisons. As might be expected from the prominence which Colonel Hervey's recent reports on thugs have given to dhatura, there is much attempt to make the information as full as possible. Among the curious facts detailed in this part of the book, we may mention the cases of a man being poisoned by taking too much quinine, of an assistant magistrate being made drunk and almost mad by a particular sort of mushroom, and of the wild honey gathered by the bees from the oleander making a man very ill for a whole week. The timid reader may be appalled to see how nature places materials at the hands of the poisoner. "The broad dhatura bares her breast" in nearly all the smiling jungles, while the strychnine tree with its yellow fruit is by no means rare. The plumbago rosea, the yellow oleander and the climbing glorioza, all these well known ornaments of our gardens contain the easy elements of death. Mineral poisons seem also to be common, and not badly understood. The information on all these condensed in this manual will be found very valuable and reliable by all officers having to detect or punish crime; and if the magistrates or police would consult it in the intricate cases which come before them, they might be able to get the clue to supply a number of facts regarding the circumstances of crime which would materially assist the chemical analyser in making his enquiries.

The author's account of violent crimes, such as murder by sharp instruments, beating, or drowning, and also the still more interesting collection of information on the motives and *modus operandi* of criminals inflamed by jealousy, or lust, show the accurate acquaintance he has gained with the peculiar mental and moral states of society in India. The instances adduced are sufficient to enable men of less experience to reason from them as other cases arise: while the careful attention paid to the minutiæ of evidence upon which in such cases the decision of the judge is based ought to afford very valuable aid in the cutcherry. This part of the manual is extremely interesting and will not unlikely be a magazine of facts for the future historian of the doings of the people. Both the medical and legal sides of the cases reported are carefully examined, and the author as in justice bound guards his readers from presuming that the criminal acts punished by the laws are in any way general customs. The above remarks apply to matters connected with pregnancy, abortion, and delivery, which are perhaps about equally puzzling to lawyers and doctors alike. As the manual is written by an Indian officer, and with especial reference to India, it will be found a much greater assistance to Indian magistrates than the valuable manual of Dr. Taylor. The volume concludes with an account of the varieties of unsoundness of mind. Useful, accurate, and well-collated as it is, we could wish that the author had been more diffuse on a subject of such continual and embarrassing importance.

We have refrained from the easy process of quoting at length any of the marvellous and romantic cases, judicially ascertained, with which the pages teem. Where there is so much to select from, it is difficult to choose. We are confident that the professional public will derive much aid from the book, and congratulate Dr. Chevers on its appearance at a time when the codification of our laws has made a new edition necessary. There is, however, one form of appreciation which the author cannot enjoy till his work is translated into the vernacular. No better Vade Mecum could fall into the hands of the thuge, the dacoit, or the professional poisoner, who wish to know, not only how to carry on their trade, but also how to dodge the detectives.

CALCUTTA RACES.

FIRST MEETING.

FIRST DAY, SATURDAY, 17TH DECEMBER.

FIRST RACE.—TRIAL STAKES, of Rs. 500 from the fund. For all horses. 1 mile. Weight for age and class. Maidens allowed 10 lbs. Entrance Rs. 200. Rs. 50 forfeit. To close and name 1st December.

Favourite	1
Karpos	2
Bridesmaid	3

Time—1 min. 48 sec.

SECOND RACE.—THE DERBY STAKES, of Rs. 1,200 from the fund. For maiden Arabs. 2 miles. Weight for age. Horses that have never started before the day of naming allowed 3 lbs. Entrance on or before 1st July, Rs. 80; ditto after that, and on or before 1st September, Rs. 160; ditto ditto 1st November, Rs. 300; when the race will close. And a sweepstakes of Rs. 160 for all horses declared to start. If 50 entrances, the second horse to receive Rs. 800, and the third horse Rs. 200.

The Earl	1
Grey Warrior	2
Silvertail	3

Time—3 min. 54 sec.

THIRD RACE.—BABOO SHAMA CHURN MULLICK'S PLATE. Value Rs. 500. For all maiden English, Colonial, and Country-bred horses. 1½ miles. Entrance on or before 1st July, Rs. 80; ditto after that and on or before 1st September, Rs. 200; ditto ditto 1st November, Rs. 300; when the race will close. And a sweepstakes of Rs. 150 for all horses declared to start.

	st.	lbs.
English and Colonials	8	10
Country-breds	7	12

No allowance for Geldings. Winners of the season once, 3 lbs.; twice or oftener, 5 lbs. extra.

Driver	1
Centurion	2

Time—2 min. 18 sec.

FOURTH RACE.—PURSE of Rs. 400. For all Arabs. Rs. 200 entrance. Half forfeit. Close 1st November and name day before meeting. Two may be named, one to the post. Weight for age. Maidens allowed 7 lbs. R. O.

Sunbeam	1
Growler	2

Time—3 min. 27 sec.

(Calcutta Correspondent of the Pioneer.)

TO-MORROW morning, (17th) at half past seven o'clock, the races begin, and before I say anything more about the subject, I would enter my protest, along with that of many others, against the absurd hour selected. If early, they ought to have been really early—well before the sun was up; if late, they ought to have been in the afternoon, when ladies and business men could have attended conveniently. Of course, you will know before you get this who are the winners, yet it may be of interest to some to hear what the "tips" were, and so I may as well mention that a good many people will be very considerably astonished if Melbourne and Favourite are not well to the front in the Trial Stakes. Mr. Studdy's horse, Call, is out of the running altogether, having, for reasons which one would rather not speak of, been disqualified. A committee considered the question for some days, and was at length obliged to come to this decision. The second race will be the Derby, and if The Earl and Silvertail don't show up, there will be no little gnashing of teeth (metaphorically speaking). The lottery was drawn this morning, and the following is the result:—

Total subscribed	Rs.	3,500
Rapier	"	210
Mr. W. W.'s	"	430
Silvertail	"	900
Captain Lockwood's	"	20
Mr. Field's	"	1,130
Scimitar	"	540
The Field	"	10
Mr. Manchester's	"	10
Giving a total of	Rs.	6,750
Subtract for the Fund, say	"	236
And the nett value of the lottery will be	Rs.	6,514

The third race to-morrow is for Baboo Shama Churn Mullick's Plate—distance 1½ mile. Notwithstanding there having been eighteen entries, it is very doubtful if more than four horses will get to the post; among these four Centurion and Driver are expected to take good places.

(Englishman's Saturday Evening Journal, Dec. 17.)

The great sporting event of India, the Calcutta Derby, was run this morning, in the presence of the Viceroy and most of the upper ten of Calcutta, as well as several visitors from Bombay and Madras. Though the attractions of last year, in the shape of the Duke of Edinburgh, and the procession up the Course, were wanting, there were a large number of spectators present, the carriages extending down the rails on both sides for some way beyond the distance post. We did not notice any drags, but one gentleman was showing off a very nice looking pair of chestnuts in a tandem. One unfortunate gentleman also was thrown from his horse near the tank, and lay for some time insensible, but was soon recovered and taken away by a friend in a carriage. Mr. Field's Bombay stable, and Mr. W. W.'s Bengal stable, divided the honours of the day between them, though Bombay carried off the blue riband of the Indian turf for 1870, and, if all reports are true, a good many Bengal rupees besides. This we are glad of, for pluck deserves to be rewarded, and it is a plucky thing of Mr. Field and Aga Khan to send their horses all the way to Calcutta to run. Madras was unfortunate, for Melbourne in the Trial Stakes burst a blood vessel and came in with the blood pouring from his nose. The races lasted till half past nine, and both the spectators and jockeys, found the sun getting uncomfortably hot before all was over. The races will be continued on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday next.

STEAMER REPORTS.

GALLE, 20th Dec., 6-30 A.M.—French Mail steamer from Calcutta signalled.

TELEGRAPH LINE REPORTS.

KURRACHEE, 20th Dec., 8 P.M.—Latest dates from United Kingdom via Russia, 19th Dec., 2 P.M.; via Turkey, 17th Dec., 5-22 P.M., America via Russia, 16th Dec., 9-26 P.M. Cable right to Fao; Turkish line right to Pera; lines clear beyond; Persian line temporarily interrupted beyond Shiraz.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH OFFICE—20TH DEC., 9 P.M.

Latest dates from United Kingdom.

Via Russia, 18th Dec., 3 P.M., Greenwich time. Time in transit, 33 hours 1 minute.

Via Turkey, 17th Dec., 2-20 P.M., Greenwich time. Time in transit, 63 hours 34 minutes.

Via Red Sea, 19th Dec., 5-10 P.M., Greenwich time. Time in transit, 21 hours 21 minutes.

Latest dates from Continent of Europe.

Turkey, 16th Dec., 11-50 A.M., Greenwich time. Time in transit, 95 hours 31 minutes.

Via Red Sea, 19th Dec., 11-15 P.M., Greenwich time. Time in transit, 2 hours 20 minutes.

The time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay from 9 P.M. of the 19th to 9 P.M. of the 20th Dec. is as follows:—

	To Bombay	Max.	Min.
From	Kurrachee	0 58	0 14
"	Calcutta	3 52	0 17
"	Madras	1 27	0 15
"	Point Galle	4 1	0 0

THE fund for the relief of the families of those who perished in the Captain announced on Nov. 25 to about £40,500. A further sum of £23,000 was still however, required to meet the whole of the cases on the committee's books.

ARMY REFORM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—When Government were desired, in spite of the able and urgent protests that went in, as I know, from the highest quarters, to carry out the scheme of irregularizing (happy and applicable word) the native armies of Madras and Bombay in conformity to the system rendered necessary by the non-existence of its army—in Bengal it had an impossible task, and could not succeed. The idea of taking fine old red tape colonels and native infantry regiment officers, A 1 in *their* line, and with all the precedents of their service at their finger-ends, and suddenly expecting a breed of Cokes, Sam Brownes, Wildes or Keyes's, was novel, but neither practical or practicable, and neither the old sepoy nor the old officer knew how to make head or tail of the business. In the remote parts of the southern presidency the officers were too well informed not to *know* that there were such things as irregular corps, but *how* many know of their mode of working, constitution, and customs? The one thing that made irregular corps of former days hold their own with those of the regular native infantry was, (in addition to the selection of officers for the work) that the C. O. was paramount for good or evil, and if for the latter he made a very short stay in his corps. Without the power of all reward and punishment, of promotion and selection on the one hand, and dismissal and disgracing on the other, a commandant is very powerless. The new system takes away all the officers but the executive, and firmly ties the hands of the C.O., who is jealously watched and must move in a groove, and that a very narrow one. Formerly an irregular officer did not feel the want of officers except, when, *pace* the 4th Punjabees, the losses in action were excessive. He and his officers were engines of such horse power, that they could do the work of twenty crippled ones. The fault is in putting any officer, because he *has* a commission or an uncle, or a good voice, into command. If he was at all a selection from qualification, he should be free to dismiss, punish, promote and reward, and he, if efficiency and discretion did not proclaim him a justification of the choice, Government would always have the option of employing him to build barracks or do general duty. To mention half I know of the great dissatisfaction produced by the change amongst the men is foreign to the matter I wish to lead up to, namely, what might have been done and yet may be done, if men would but speak out as to the speeches of old pensioners, native officers taking leave of a European officer leaving them, and the utter bewilderment and apathy they evince as one officer goes away and another comes on. They ask, when are you promoted? from which they judge your stay, and it has grown beyond their power to calculate the chances that to them are of vital import and formerly were the subjects of long and earnest discussion and conjecture as to the new C. O. or new adjutant. They now as it were gaze through the aperture of a kaleidescope and view colonels, majors, wing officers and adjutants pass in dazzling and bewildering succession too quickly for any one image to impress them much.—Your, &c.,

EXUL.

BOMBAY.

KATTYWAR.—Jemadar Abdool Rehman has been appointed as native assistant, Federal Soobunty, at Rajcote, vice Khan Bahadoor Kumroodeem.

SERVICE AT HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, SONAPORE.—St. Thomas's Day, Dec. 21. Choral Evensong at 6-30 P.M. Hymns 273 (For thy dear Saint, O Lord), and 386 (Onwards, Christian soldiers).

A SALUTE of fifteen guns will be fired from the saluting battery to-day, on the occasion of the arrival at the presidency of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief of the Madras Army.

MATRICULATION EXAMINATION.—The number of students who passed the matriculation examination in connection with the Bombay University in 1865 was 111, out of 232 who went up; in 1866, 93 out of 440; in 1867, 163 out of 539; in 1868, 250 out of 600; in 1869, 142 out of 835; and in 1870, 142 out of 901.

FIRE.—On Monday night, about 11 o'clock, a fire broke out in a range of cow-sheds at Carnac Bunder. A steam fire engine and the men of the brigade were soon on the spot, and the fire was extinguished in a short time. The whole of the range was destroyed. The damage done to the property is estimated at about Rs. 500.

WE have been requested to state that Vithal Narayen Penthé, whose name we yesterday published in the list of pupils who had successfully passed the matriculation examination, and against whose name "private tuition" appeared, was educated at the General Assembly's Institution, so that that institution has sent up four instead of three successful candidates.

THE S. P. G.—It will be seen from an advertisement that the 11th Annual Commemoration of the Revived Mission, in Bombay, of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts is to be held to-day. There will be a celebration of the Holy Communion in the Cathedral at 7-30 A.M., evensong at 4-30 P.M., and a public meeting in the Durbar Room of the Town Hall at 5, at which, we believe, the Lord Bishop will preside.

THE PERSIAN THEATRICAL CLUB.—On Saturday the house was so excessively crowded, that the managers had to send back many visitors, thus causing disappointment to them. The club therefore repeat the performance to-night, as will be seen from the advertisement in our first page. In addition to the excellent play of Roostum and Burjor, there will be another attractive feature, namely, a brilliant exhibition with the magic lantern.

RULE WITH REFERENCE TO SUBMISSION OF APPEALS AGAINST DECISIONS OF POLITICAL COURTS IN KATTYWAR.—The following rule, approved by the Government of Bombay, with reference to the submission of appeals against decisions of political courts in Kattywar, has been published for general information:—

"Copies of judgment recorded in the English language should be given to parties desirous of appealing from these judgments, as well as copies of the decrees or orders passed on such cases, and those copies should accompany all petitions of appeal."

DEATH FROM DROWNING.—Dr. Hewlett held an adjourned inquest yesterday in his office concerning the death of Rutnee, woman, aged about sixteen years, the wife of a private in H. M.'s 2nd Regiment N. I. On Sunday last the husband went to his duty, telling deceased to bring his meals at 7 P.M. to the guard house As she had not come at a late hour in the evening, he went home and found her missing. He searched for her, but could not find her till Monday morning, when her body was found in a well on the Esplanade. A verdict of found drowned was returned by the jury.

SIND AND THE PUNJAB.—From a paragraph which we published in a late issue, it has been inferred by a correspondent that the annexation of Sind to the Punjab had been determined upon, but this was not our meaning. We stated that "the final arrangements for the annexation of Sind to the Punjab are reserved for the 16th proximo, on or about which date His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab will meet Sir William Merewether at Sukkur"—a sentence which, from its wording, we now see justifies our correspondent's mistake. The "final arrangements" may, for it is quite on the cards, result in a determination *not* to annex Sind to the Punjab. The annexation idea has powerful friends, but it is still only in the stage of being "arranged," and may at any moment be negatived. Among the other matters to be discussed by the rulers of the Punjab and Sind is the means most likely to introduce order among the troublesome Murrees and Bhoogties, who at present consider the whole duty of man to be plunder and skirmishing.—*Pioneer*, Dec. 19.

OUR NEW SHERIFF.

DR. BHAU DAJEE, who has been appointed Sheriff for the ensuing year, took the usual oath of his office on Saturday before the Hon. Mr. Tucker.

THE BAND STAND.

THE GOVERNOR'S BAND will play every Thursday evening at the Esplanade Band Stand. Our readers will no doubt be glad to hear of this, especially as there is no other band to play in Bombay for the present.

THE POOR BOX.

THE Senior Magistrate of Police has the pleasure to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of further contributions as follows, for the Police Court Poor Box:—

Rotcewalla & Co.	Rs.	10
E. M.	"	10
F. B.	"	10
V.	"	10

RUTNAGHERRY COLLECTORATE.

THE weather report of the Rutnagherry collectorate for the fortnight ending 30th November, informs us that there was a slight fall of rain in almost all the talookas. The reaping of all crops had nearly been completed. The crops were in a pretty good state. The state of public health was reported to be good, with the exception of one or two talookas, where fever slightly prevailed.

POLICE CASES.

ASSAULT.—Mohideen Heroo was fined by Mr. Nana Morojee yesterday for assaulting one Vanmallee Jugjeewan.

A POLICEMAN IN TROUBLE.—Babaji Baloo, a police sepoy in the employ of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company, was charged with stealing a bottle of liquor and vegetables. Mr. Nana Moroji, who tried the case, convicted the accused, and sentenced him to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

ESCAPING FROM A CHOWKEY.—Mr. Nana Morojee yesterday sentenced Dewoo Mahadoo, a porter in the employ of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company, to two months' imprisonment, for escaping from the railway police chowkey.

UNLICENSED SALE OF INTOXICATING SUBSTANCES.—Bheeya was charged with keeping a house for the sale or consumption of intoxicating substance without a license from the Commissioner of Police, and was fined by Mr. Nana Morojee eight rupees.

THEFTS.—Tyeb Ismael was sentenced by the Chief Magistrate yesterday to receive ten stripes for stealing a tumbler.—Ismael Cassum, an old offender, was sentenced by the same magistrate to six months' imprisonment for attempting to steal Rs. 3-12 in cash from Mohideen Ahmed.

SHIPPING AND PASSENGERS.

THE s.s. NEERA, 1,397 tons, Captain C. Coburn, arrived yesterday from Calcutta with a cargo of rice and sugar.

THE SHIP BERTHA, 905 tons, Captain C. R. Humphrey, arrived on the 19th instant from Liverpool with a cargo of coals. The vessel is consigned to the captain.

THE BARQUE QUEEN OF CEYLON, Captain F. W. Godrick, arrived yesterday from Bangkok with a cargo of rice. The vessel is consigned to the captain.

THE SHIP BENNINGTON, 1,234 tons, Captain J. W. Sherman, arrived yesterday form Liverpool with a cargo of coals. The vessel is consigned to the captain.

THE SHIP BEMBROKESHIRE, 905 tons, Captain Robert Wilkinson, arrived yesterday from Calcutta with a general cargo. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Blackwell & Co.

THE s.s. GENERAL OUTRAM, Captain T. Teasdale, arrived yesterday from Cochin with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr. Pillam, Mr. Birthaud, Mrs. Williams and two children, Captain and Mr. Hunter, Mr. Morriss, Mr. and Mrs. Maylot, Colonel and Mrs. Holland, Dr. Courting, Mr. Salmon, Colonel Davidson, and ninety-eight men, fourteen children, and thirty deck passengers.

THE s. s. ARABIA, Captain W. B. Mathews, sailed yesterday for Malabar Coast and Calcutta with a general cargo and the following passenger:—For Carwar—Mr. J. S. Chrystal and Mr. James Nettoo. For Mangalore—Mr. and Mrs. H. Grant, and Mr. Wright and two children. For Calicut—Mr. Williams Standier, Lieut. A. K. Dorward, General S. Currie, Captain Thomas Edward, Mrs. and Miss Currie, Captain S. Penny, Assistant Surgeons Sibthorpe and J. A. Laing, Captain Campbell, Ensign Braine, and two deck passengers. For Colombo—Mr. E. Holdsworth. For Calcutta—Captain Wither.

JETHA VULLUBJEE, LATELY A PILGRIM.

A SUIT brought by Heerjee Jeewa against Jetha Vullubjee to recover Rs. 5,755 was yesterday called before Mr. Justice Bayley, when Mr. Tyabjee appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. McCulloch for the defendant.

Mr. McCulloch said he had an affidavit sworn by the defendant, which he would read, and which had been affirmed by the defendant at his house, he being too ill to come to Court. He then read the following affidavit:—

"I, Jetha Vulubjee, of Bombay, Hindoo merchant, the defendant abovenamed, do solemnly affirm and say as follows:—

"I was absent from Bombay on a pilgrimage for the last five months and I only returned here three days ago.

"On my way back to Bombay I was attacked with so severe an illness that I was not able to stir out of my bed till yesterday morning. I am still ill and quite unfit to attend to any business. I only learnt yesterday morning that the above mentioned suit was instituted against me, this deponent, by Heerjee Jeews, the plaintiff abovenamed, for the recovery of Rs. 5,755 on an alleged statement of account, and that the said suit would come for hearing and final disposal this day. Being myself severely ill and ill disposed, and consequently unable to see my attornies on the subject, I sent for one Gocouldass Vussonjee and asked him to take steps in the matter.

"The said Gocouldass Vussonjee instructed Messrs. Shapoorjee and Thakurdass, attornies of this Hon'ble Court, to write to the plaintiff's attorney for copy of proceedings and to ask him to consent to allow the case to stand adjourned for the next short cause day. I am informed and verily believe that my attornies have as yet received no reply to their said letter.

"From what I am able to gather of the nature of the plaint from the short statement thereof made in the summons, I say that it is untrue that there is the sum of Rs. 5,755 or any sum whatsoever due from me to the plaintiff on an account stated as therein alleged. I say that I never had, nor at present have, any account whatsoever with the plaintiff. I further state that the plaintiff tries in this suit to recover what he believes is due to him on certain wagering cotton contracts entered into by him with me, this deponent, for the month of Magsar in the Sumvut year 1926, corresponding with the English year 1869. I further state that save and except on these sutta transactions I have no account with the plaintiff.

"I further believe that the plaintiff, thinking that during my absence there would be no opposition, made to obtain a decree behind my back for an alleged balance arising entirely out of sutta contracts, which I am advised are legally null and void."

His Lordship said this man's name appeared to be not unfamiliar to him.

Mr. McCulloch said he was well known as having given evidence in the Aurora case. He had been absent for about five months on a pilgrimage in gratitude for having escaped from certain charges which were made against him.

The Judge—Is he the man the magistrate refused to commit because the evidence against him was not corroborated?

Mr. McCulloch—Yes, my Lord.

The Judge—Elmstone and Whitwell implicated him, but the evidence was not corroborated.

Mr. McCulloch—More than that, the man whom they called to corroborate it, their servant, denied positively that he was there. The defendant asked to be allowed to defend the suit, and with that object wished it to be postponed. There seemed to be no doubt that Jetha had just returned to Bombay, and was so ill that he could not come to the Court to affirm his affidavit.

Mr. Tyabjee said the summons had been served nine days ago, and the first intimation his client had of the intended defence was by a letter at five o'clock yesterday afternoon, when there was no opportunity of reply. A copy of the affidavit had only been served upon them this morning, and there was not the slightest chance of their being able to contradict the statements which appeared in it. And they certainly denied that this account was for speculative transactions.

The Judge—Your client must deny that of course, otherwise he could not hope to recover. I do not see that that goes for much.

Mr. Tyabjee said Rs. 2,000 had already been paid an account of the adjusted account, and therefore he could not see how the defendant could get out of the amount originally owing as he had paid Rs. 2,000 towards it.

Mr. McCulloch said his client denied ever having paid Rs. 2,000 on account.

His Lordship adjourned the case till the 17th January, and ordered that within ten days the defendant should file a written statement. After that, if there appeared to be any good defence, the case would be put into the long cause list.

JURISDICTION OF THE SMALL CAUSES COURT AS TO TENEMENTS.

IN the Small Cause Court on Saturday, Judge Spencer disposed of the case of Joseph Jefferson *vs.* Wasudew Ocastna Senoy. The plaintiff sought to recover from the defendant under the 91st and following sections of Act IX. of 1850, a piece of land with dwelling-house standing thereon, and situated in Lohar Chawl. Mr. Payne (of Messrs. Jefferson and Payne), solicitor, appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. B. M. Waglé, barrister-at-law, for the defendant. The facts of the case will appear from the following judgment:—

Mr. Spencer, in giving judgment, said—This is a summons issued under the 97st section of Act IX. of 1850. The plaintiff seeks to recover from the defendant possession of a house under the following circumstances. The defendant being indebted to the plaintiff in the sum of Rs. 12,000 on an adjusted account, to secure the same by an indenture dated the 20th April 1870, conveyed to the plaintiff by way of mortgage the property in question. The indenture provided that, in the event of the payment by the defendant to the plaintiff of the sum of Rs. 12,000 with interest on the 1st day of July following, the plaintiff would re-convey the estate to the defendant. In default of payment, the usual power of sale was given to the plaintiff; and there was the further proviso that, in case of default, the plaintiff should "enter into and upon all or any of the said premises, and the same thenceforth to hold and enjoy, and to receive the rents and profits thereof, without any lawful interruption or disturbance" by the defendant. Default in payment of the debt due having been made, this summons was issued to obtain possession under the last-mentioned clause of the deed. The execution of the deed and default in payment by defendant were admitted, but it was contended by the defendant's counsel that this Court had no jurisdiction to give possession of the premises to the plaintiff. It was argued that the 91st section of the Act applies only where the relation of landlord and tenant exists; that there was no such relation in the present case; and that the plaintiff, as mortgagee, could not enforce his right of entry in this form of action. It was also contended that the annual value of the property exceeded the jurisdiction of the Court. The plea, however, was virtually abandoned; and I have no doubt on

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF THE MUNICIPAL REVENUE.

From Monday, 12th December, to Saturday, 17th December 1870.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheel Tax	14,662	12	0
House Rate	4,054	0	0
Police Rate	1,907	15	2
Lighting do.	1,912	14	4
Water do.	9,014	2	4
Hackney Cess	2,456	12	11
Market Fees	11,912	14	0
Fees thro' Police Commissioner, including Liquor Licences, &c.	7,609	8	0
Miscellaneous Fees	1,592	5	10
Fines and Penalties	884	0	0
Town Duties	16,998	9	3
Duty on Tobacco and Snuff	5,800	0	0
Total Rs.	77,155	13	10

W. MAIDMENT,
Controller of Municipal Accounts.

UNIFORM OF HONORARY COMMISSIONED OFFICERS IN THE P. W. D.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased (by an order in the *Gazette of India* of the 17th inst.) to direct that the following dress shall be worn by honorary commissioned officers of the Public Works Department in India :—

Coat, tunic, blue, single-breasted, with bright blue cloth collar, cuffs and slash on sleeve. The collar rounded off in front, cuff round, two and three quarter inches deep and ten and a half round ; slashed flap on sleeve six inches long and two and a quarter inches wide, with three loops of half inch lace, Staff pattern, and uniform buttons ; eight buttons in front at equal distances. The skirt ten and a half inches deep for an officer 5 feet 9 inches in height, with a variation of half an inch, longer or shorter, for every inch of difference in the height of the wearer ; blue flap on the skirt behind, ten inches deep, two buttons on flap and one on waist, with three loops of half inch lace. The coat, collar, cuffs, and flaps, edge with scarlet cloth, quarter inch, and the skirts lined with scarlet.

Distinctions of rank—

Captains, lace round the top of the *Collar*, a crown and star in silver at each end.

Lieutenants, the same lace with a crown.

Ensigns, the same lace with a star.

All ranks to have one row of lace round the cuff, none on the skirts, and the loops only on the skirt and sleeve flaps.

Lace, gold, Staff pattern, half inch width.

Buttons, gilt, with the crown and "Public Works Department" raised thereon.

Hat, cocked, the fan or back part nine inches, the front seven inches and a half, each corner five inches, uniform buttons, gold lace loop, and tassels of gold crape fringe, with crimson underneath.

Trowsers, blue cloth, with a gold stripe, one and three quarter inches wide, Staff pattern, down the outward seam.

Boots, Wellington.

Sword, the same as for officers of infantry.

Scabbard, steel, for all ranks.

Sword-knot, crimson and gold, with acorn tassel.

Sword-belt, plain black morocco, with slings and gilt hook, to be worn over the coat.

Plate, a round gilt clasp with "V. R." surmounted by a crown in silver upon the centre piece, and "Public Works Department" with a laurel branch also in silver on the outer circle.

Stock, black silk.

Gloves, white leather.

Forage-cap, blue cloth, with black leather peak and chin strap, light blue band with "V. R." surrounded with a wreath surmounted by a crown embroidered in gold on the front, with black button and trimming on the top.

Cloak, blue, lined with scarlet, of pattern for officers of infantry, with uniform buttons.

Patrol Jacket, Artillery pattern, without any tags across the breast, but with Engineers' flat braid on cuffs.

Undress Trowsers, Artillery pattern, with scarlet stripe down the seam.

INDIAN ITEMS.

Mr. Pennington.—We are sorry to hear that the injuries which this gentleman sustained in his recent accident have proved much more serious than had been supposed. He has suffered some kind of dislocation of the hip, and all the efforts of the surgeons to replace the bones in their normal position have hitherto been unsuccessful, although very powerful mechanical appliances have been employed.—*Madras Times*, Dec. 17.

Punjab.—The health of the towns of the Punjab seems to be at last improving, especially as regards Amritsur, Sompal, and Bhiwani ; but the districts, more particularly Syalkot, Gurdaspore, Hushiarpore, and Jullundur, still return high death-rates. Small-pox, to which much of the late mortality has been due, appears, we regret to see, to be gaining strength, the increase being most notable in the Shahpore, Jhelum, Gujerat, and Peshawur districts.—*Pioneer*, Dec. 19.

The Drainage of Calcutta.—Everybody—shall we include our medical men ?—has been rejoicing over the extreme healthiness of Calcutta during the past twelve months, but our rejoicings are likely to be of very short duration, if Dr. Chevers is to be believed. Referring to the drainage of the city being allowed to flow into the Salt Water Lakes, the Doctor believes the time is not far distant when the lake will be converted into a vast and stagnant cess-pool, the effect of which will be most calamitous to the public health. This is a very alarming fact truly ! Two plans have been suggested by which the evil may be prevented. One is the old question of reclaiming the lake, and providing a central channel, properly embanked, which is to be kept clear by steam dredging boats. This is a matter that ought to be seen to at once, or the evils Dr. Chevers anticipates may come upon us much sooner than we anticipate.—*Englishman's Saturday Evening Journal.*

Chumba.—Is it true that over 3,000 subjects of the Rajah of Chumba have left the State, and are on their way to Lahore, there to represent to the Lieutenant-Governor their discontent at the selection of Gopal Singh for the gaddee ? We are told so, and further, our informant continues, "when they were stopped at the bridge by the guard, they broke down the gates, and a number of them were taken prisoners and flogged in batches of seventeen." Meanwhile Sir Henry Durand is in Sind, but on his return we seriously advise him to inquire into this and other rumours of the grievous discontent which is said to prevail throughout the Chumba State in consequence of the late appointment to the raj. That there are grounds for such inquiry there can be no doubt, for we have received from three correspondents—who are unknown to each other, and therefore writing spontaneously and independently—letters asserting in unqualified terms that there really does exist most serious discontent.—*Pioneer*, Dec. 19.

The Duke of Edinburgh.—The *Friend of India* has commented very coarsely on that passage from the Australian papers which tells us that the Duke of Edinburgh (to the despair of the actresses) refused to attend the performance of *Formosa*. The *Friend* declares that "the Duke of Edinburgh turning moralist is rather a rich joke," and hopes, if it be true that His Royal Highness avoided the play in consequence of its immorality, "that he has squared off other matters at Melbourne in the same enlightened spirit." Does the *Friend* know anything of the Duke of Edinburgh and his morality or immorality ?—anything which the *Friend* could maintain in a court of justice. We remember to have read formerly a great many very venomous imputations on the Duke in the Australian papers, but we have to have invariably read their categorical contradiction shortly afterwards. All that we ourselves know of His Royal Highness is of course derived from the officers who were about his person during his not very short visit to this country, and *that* was, without flaw or drawback, conspicuously to his honour.—*Pioneer*, Dec. 19.

THE BURIAL OF—MOOR (GHEE).

(Not by Rev. C. Wolfe.)

Not a rob was heard, all eyes were dry,
As the corpse to the galley was hurried ;
Not a passenger heaved a single sigh,
As the hen went off to be carried.

The cook set to work by the light of day,
The coals with his poker turning ;
In the bubbling saucepan the Moorghee lay,
With the galley fire briskly burning.

No skewers of steel transfixed his breast,
No useless pudding bag bound him ;
But he lay like a yellow sun sinking to rest,
With the curry powder around him.

Short, in truth, was the grace that was said,
And we spoke not a word of sorrow ;
But we steadi gazed on the veteran dead,
And bitterly thought of to-morrow.

Slowly and sadly we gulped him down,
To ourselves saying to while "God save ye."
We carved no a slice, and we needed no knife,
And we used a big spoon for his gravy.
—*Pioneer.*

SPORTING.

THE MADRAS HANDICAP.

	st.	lbs.
Melbourne	10	7
Salem Scudder	8	7
Miss Trelawney	8	4
Moonlight	8	2
Zonave	7	7
Warrior	7	5
Centurion	7	2
Hunting Horn	6	7
Old Maid	6	6
Sultana	6	6
Sinbad	6	0
Van Amburgh	5	12

CALCUTTA.

16th December.

Calcutta is now at its fullest. Faces familiar on the courses at Umballa, Meerut, Cawnpore, and Sonepore turn up everywhere—at the band, the opera, at dinner parties, and at evening parties. Though not exactly among these, I may here tell you that the Bishop of Calcutta and Miss Milman have arrived at the palace,—his Lordship after his long tour through Bombay, Mysore, Madras, and Ceylon, and Miss Milman after her visit to England. Colonel Richard Strachey has, I presume, arrived in Calcutta to-day, now that his leave and extensions of leave have at last become exhausted, and will resume his place in Council and at the office of the D. P. W.

Every day now there is some school examination going on previous to the Christmas holidays. Last week the Dovaton College ended its forty-eighth session with great doings—singing, speechifying, and distributing of prizes under the auspicious smiles of Sir Richard Temple. Yesterday St. Xavier's College had the same kind of thing, with the addition of fireworks and illuminations, and instead of Sir Richard they had the Viceroy. To-night His Excellency is going to the Martiniere, where similar proceedings are to take place ; and on Wednesday next, the Free School has its high jinks, with, I suppose, some great personage to look on. The Government holidays are to be from Friday to Tuesday, which is a good and popular arrangement, and will give the public offices time to eat their Christmas dinners and time to recover from the consequences. During Christmas week and the few days following New Year's Day we are to have the Volunteer Prize Shooting meeting at Bailgurrah ; and their inspection, and a fete to be given by Lord Mayo at Barrackpore ; and also the rowing match between the Calcutta Club and that of Madras. As to the latter, I may say that unless Madras has a very good crew indeed, they will not beat ours. We have got two men, and two good men, who have rowed in the inter-University race on the Thames, and the other pair are by no means bad form. They seemed to me a little while ago to clip their strokes rather, not quite catching the water at the beginning, but now they have a far better swing, and accomplish that regular undulation of the boat which is the effect of smart pulling and pulling all together.

We shall have General and Mrs. Tom Thumb, Commodore Nutt, and little Miss Warren here about that time too. The General must be getting an elderly man now, for, if I mistake not, he began to exhibit his ungainly little person upwards of thirty years ago, and at that time was supposed to have attained his full stature.

On Wednesday last "the Great American Circus" offered its patrons an unusual attraction, consisting of "a live fat pig," which was to be scrimmaged for in the ring. After the usual amount of clown and little brother Joe, military gentleman with whip, smiling acrobat, and young lady with an undue proportion of silk stocking to the rest of her garments, "the fat pig" appeared on the scene in the person of a poor little squeaking porker, who ran about a little in an uneasy manner, and was eventually captured and presented to one of several sea-faring looking persons who had been placed blindfolded in the ring to maintain an unequal contest with the unhappy little creature.

Business people are complaining as usual about trade being dull, and the event of the week before last will hereafter tend to improve matters. Yesterday afternoon a meeting of the creditors of Messrs. Charles Nephew and Co. was held, but nothing of consequence was done. Three suits have been filed in the High Court already, and further discussion was postponed until Saturday, in hopes that some equitable arrangement might be made in the meanwhile.

Miss Fanny Raynor and Mr. Bennie, the two new artists, have been bringing fuller houses to the theatre, I am glad to see, than it was having before. On Saturday night they are going to play in the little comedy "A Happy Pair," and afterwards in the capital burlesque "Ill-treated Il Travatore." The latter took very much when it was played about a week ago.—*Pioneer.*

BEGGARLY WAIFS.

The following "Notice" appeared "by order of the Magistrate" in the *South Arcot District Gazette* of the 10th instant :—

"The undermentioned articles found in the possession of a traveller whose name and place of residence are not known, and who died of cholera in Paris Kanganan Koyppum, in the taluq of Cuddalore, are now deposited in the taluq magistrate's office. Any one who has a claim thereto must appear before the said sub-magistrate and establish the same within 9 months from this date, failing which they will be sold in public auction, and the proceeds carried to Government credit."

	Rs.	a.	p.
12 Ragged pieces of old cloth worth	...	0	0 3
One torn jacket do.	...	0	0 3
3 Cape do.	...	0	0 6
One purse of flint do.	...	0	0 1
A knife with handle do.	...	0	0 3
Cadjan box do.	...	0	0 1
Two tin chunam vessels do.	...	0	0 3
A shell to keep "gungaha" do.	...	...	.....
Ready money	...	0	0 4
		0	2 0

Twenty-three different articles aggregating As. 1-8 in value ! ! In our happy ignorance of the rules which a paternal Government issues from time to time on this abstruse question, we should have ordered the filthy rags to be burnt, and given the pie 4 to the cooly who did the dirty work. But, if district magistrates are really compelled to take charge of the effects of everybody who dies in the district when no friends or relatives come forward, surely some discretionary power might be given them to destroy bits of flint and old rags which are quite valueless ; and, if we had anything to do with it, there should be no discretionary power about rags which had been found with the corpse of a person who had died of cholera. There is very little use in publishing in a *District Gazette* minute instructions above the treatment of cholera, and at the same time sending to a sub-magistrate's office, to be kept for six months, twelve ragged pieces of old cloth worth pie 3, which have come straight from a choleraic corpse. We do not suppose that the Collector of South Arcot is anxious to try his cholera remedies on an extensive scale ; but he is affording his subordinates the surest means for supplying him with patients.—*Madras Mail.*

CURRENCY AND RESERVE.

Statement of the amount of Government currency notes in circulation, of the amount of coin and bullion reserve, and Government securities held by the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 30th November 1870 :—

Circles of Issue.	Currency Notes in circulation.	Silver Coin Reserve.	Reserve in Government Securities.	Total Reserve.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Calcutta	3,53,13,880	1,37,99,590	1,18,20,987	2,95,41,560
Madras	92,91,610	55,78,595	17,28,404	73,08,970
Bombay	4,10,90,730	2,45,40,699*	1,91,49,590	3,98,03,590
Allahabad	36,98,600	62,54,189	11,03,291	73,57,480
Lahore	23,15,120	36,53,693	7,00,037	43,53,700
Calicut	8,41,060	12,26,151	1,00,959	13,26,240
Trichinopoly	2,53,810	16,23,631	1,00,959	17,23,690
Vizagapatam	3,70,000	3,11,511	1,00,959	4,11,570
Nagpore	44,98,200	40,41,068	5,47,902	45,88,970
Kurrachee	24,30,340	42,41,054	5,00,106	47,41,170
Akola	26,40,220	27,84,870	.....	27,84,870
Total	10,27,42,150	6,80,55,032	2,98,50,764	10,27,42,150

COLABA OBSERVATORY

Results of Meteorological Observations made at the Government Observatory, Colaba. Latitude—18° 53' 30" N., long. 4h. 51m. 16s. E. Height of Barometer above the Sea—37 feet.

Mean daily values derived from 24 hourly observations on

17th December.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fah	29·219	in.
Temperature of the Air	75·4	,,
Wet Bulb Thermometer	68·3	,,
Dew Point	64·8	,,
Relative Humidity of Air	·704	,,
Extent of cloud; sky (the whole sky clouded=8)...	1·0	,,
Maximum temperature of air (read at 9½ A.M.) on following day	81·7	,,
Minimum do. do.	70·7	,,
Gen. Direction of Wind—NE, NNW, NNE, ENE.	NW, NW,	
Movement in 24 hours	213	miles.

The *Law Times* (Nov. 25) believes that the county court judgeship for Essex, rendered vacant by the resignation of Mr. Gurdon, will be filled up by the appointment of Mr. C. E. Coleridge This gentleman has been seventeen years at the bar, and is a cousin of the Solicitor General.

LATEST REPORTS ABOUT THE RUSSIAN DIFFICULTY.

(*Pall Mall Gazette*, Nov. 25.)

Several telegrams are published this morning which profess to give the substance of Prince Gortschakoff's rejoinder to Earl Granville. A despatch from St. Petersburg says that it withdraws nothing, and is calm and firm.

The *Daily News'* correspondent at Vienna telegraphs,—It is officially announced in Vienna that the Porte will not permit the slightest infringement of the Treaty of 1856. In official circles it is believed that Russia is far better prepared for war than is generally supposed.

A despatch in the *Daily Telegraph* says that the situation is not considered at Vienna to be absolutely hopeless ; but Count Beust is very decided in his determination never to separate the action and the policy of Austria from those of England and Turkey. The Minister for War will immediately ask for an extraordinary credit of 50,000,000 florins, or possibly even more, for warlike preparations.

Another telegram says that the amount of the extraordinary credit will be 60,000,000, to be distributed in the following manner :—6,000,000 for the increase in the number of soldiers and horses ; 13,000,000 for material and furniture of war which have been already purchased ; 4,000,000 for the cost occasioned by the insurrection in Dalmatia ; 6,000,000 ascribed to the account of former deficits ; 14,000,000 for the purchase of arms ; 8,000,000 for fortifications ; and 9,000,000 to provide clothing for the troops.

A telegram through Mr. Renter's office says that the reply of Count Beust to Prince Gortschakoff points out that there can be no doubt as to the mutual obligations involved by the Treaty of 1856, which cannot by one party be modified or annulled. It is merely in reference to the Cabinet of St. Petersburg that Count Beust proceeds to an analysis of Prince Gortschakoff's arguments. The fact that Turkey can maintain a fleet where Russia cannot might warrant a desire for a revision of the treaty, but not for its arbitrary dissolution. This argument only increases the gravity of the step taken by Russia, as such maxims endanger all existing and future treaties. Turkey is not responsible for the alleged breach of treaty by the union of the Danubian Principalities. Turkey does not demand the sanction of this breach of treaty, which infringes upon her rights and interests. The entry into the Black Sea of foreign men-of-war having princes on board was a harmless proceeding, of which Russia should have complained if she deemed it objectionable.

A further note of Count Beust addressed to the Austrian Ambassador, Count Chotek, at St. Petersburg, refutes the allegation which imputed to Count Beust his having taken the initiative in this matter in January, 1857. According to the proposals of Count Beust at that time, the different co-signatories—but not a single Power by itself—were to proceed to a revision of the treaty. At that time, too, the proposal of Count Beust was not of a nature to call forth dangerous consequences, while the present isolated proceeding of Russia creates uneasiness, as the Christian populations of the East will think that Russia had deemed the moment opportune to take the solution of the Eastern question in hand.

The Italian reply to the Russian Note will, it is now said, be sent immediately after the return of Signor Visconti-Venosta.

The semi-official *Provincial Correspondence* of yesterday says—"Prussia is not a party to the Treaty of 1856 to the same extent as Austria, England, and France, and she did not engage to consider every violation of it as a *casus belli*, but only to respect the integrity of Turkey. This different position evidently gives the Prussian Government the best prospect of mediating with success.

The *Cologne Gazette* says that Russia is in the wrong, that the shaken authority of treaties would be for all States a calamity, and pray that Heaven may guard us against the misfortune of seeing so brutal a proceeding find imitators. Fidelity to treaties is the basis of the moral and material welfare of Europe. As to the practical side of the difficulty, the *Gazette* asks whether Russia wishes to take up the whole of the Turkish question, or only to get satisfaction on a point of honour. The entire Russian diplomacy pretends the latter, and the *Gazette* believes that in this it tells the truth. For the moment Russia does not think of a war of conquest in Turkey, and the other Powers will hardly commence a war on account of a principle without a palpable object of contention.

The *Neue Freie Presse* corroborates the report that large bodies of Russian troops are being concentrated at Odessa and on the shores of Asia. This movement is, nevertheless, only a military demonstration.

General Timscheff, the Russian Minister of the Interior, has cautioned the St. Petersburg press against supporting France and attacking Germany, it being against the interest of Russia to irritate the latter country at the present juncture.

The Russian Post Office has quadrupled the postage for Russian journals sent to Turkey and Greece. These journals having for years kept up an anti-Turkish agitation among the Slavonian subjects of the Sultan, the Post Office action is regarded as indicating an intention to prevent an outbreak at this critical juncture.

NOTICES.

C A U T I O N.

STEEDMAN'S SOOTHING POWDERS,

For Children cutting their teeth. Purchasers are requested to BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

of this Medicine, and to observe, in every case, that the words JOHN STEEDMAN, CHEMIST, WALWORTH, SURREY," are engraved on the Government Stamp affixed to each packet without which none are genuine. Sold by all Chemists and Druggists in Bombay, in Packets.

B R E A K F A S T

EPPS'S COCOA.

GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING,

The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks :—"by a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills."

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in ¼ lb., ½ lb., and 1 lb. tin-lined packets, labelled—

JAMES EPPS & Co.,
Homœopathic Chemists, London.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—OFFICERS in charge of BUILDINGS will find the PYRIMONT ASPHALTE the most effective and economical material for covering FLAT ROOFS, and for suppressing the rising of moisture through WALLS and BASEMENTS. Also for the FLOORS of

STORES and WAREHOUSES,
PRISONS—LAVATORIES,
ABATTOIRES and MARKETS,
BARRACKS—MORTUARIES,
ELEPHANT HOUSES, STABLES, and
Floors generally. The WHITE ANT and other vermin excluded

A LIST of WORKS to which the material has been successfully applied for upwards of 30 years, can be had post free on application to

J. FARRELL, Secretary,
Parliament Street, London.

Orders must describe the class of work for which the material is wanted, and the superficial area, that the shipment may embrace the proper qualities and quantities. Payment in England is required to ensure attention to an order.

All Blocks are impressed on two opposite sides with the words.

PYRIMONT
SEYSSEL.

WHITMORE'S COMPOUND LINIMENT OF ARNICA.—A Specific for the cure of Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Contractions, Weakness of the Joints, Chilblains, &c. It is also an excellent remedy as a stimulating application to the surface of the Chest and Back in Bronchitis, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pulmonary Consumption, and Hooping Cough. When the Liver is inactive, rubbed over it, its stimulating properties have a beneficial effect, and in all cases where counter-irritation is desirable, it will be found invaluable. In bottles, small, medium and large.

Wilkinson's Bronchio-Thoracic Lozenges.

Prepared from the receipt of an eminent Physician, and experience has fully justified their recommendation as the most speedy remedy in Irritation of the Throat, Catarrhal Coughs, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, Spitting of Blood, &c., &c. To public speakers and vocalists they will be found invaluable, as they impart a clear and beautiful tone to the voice. Free from any preparation of Opium, and of an agreeable taste, they are applicable to all.

Wilkinson's Stomachic and Liver Pills.

No Pill is so efficacious in promoting digestion, strengthening the Stomach, correcting Acidity, preventing or removing Headache, Giddiness, &c., arising from a Costive Habit, Debilitated Stomach, or Torpid Liver. In bottles, small, medium and large.

They require no change of diet, and those of the most delicate constitution may take them with safety.

Taken as an adjunct with Wilkinson's Sarsaparilla with the greatest success.

Prepared only by Thomas Wilkinson, 270, Regent Street, London.

Bombay :—

Wholesale and Retail Agents, Treacher & Co., Limited, Medical Hall, Byculla and Fort, Poona.

And of the principal Farms in India and the Colonies

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S
CELEBRATED OILMEN'S STORES,
ALL OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

Pickles, Sauces, Syrups.
Jams, in tins and jars.
Orange Marmalade.
Tart Fruits, Desert Fruits.
Mustard, Vinegar.
Potted Meats and Fish.
Preserved Fresh Salmon.
Kippered Salmon and Herrings.
Pickled Salmon
Fresh and Lochfyne Herrings.
Fried Soles.
Fresh and Findon Haddocks.
Pure Salad Oil
Soups, in Pint and Quart Tins.
Preserved Meats in Tins.
Preserved Hams and Cheese.
Preserved Bacon.
Oxford and Cambridge Sausages.
Bologna Sausages.
Yorkshire Game Pâtes.
Yorkshire Pork Pâtes.
Galantin s.
Tongues, Brawn, Poultry.
Plum Puddings,
Lea and Perrins' Worcestershire Sauce.

FRESH SUPPLIES OF THE ABOVE MAY ALWAYS BE HAD FROM EVERY STOREKEEPER IN INDIA.

CAUTION.

To prevent the fraud of refilling the bottles or jars with native productions, they should invariably be destroyed when empty Goods should always be examined upon delivery, to detect any attempt at substitution of articles of inferior brands.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL,

PURVEYORS TO THE QUEEN, THE EMPEROR OF THE FRENCH, AND THE KING OF THE BELGIANS.

Soho Square, London

At the Paris Exhibition of 1867, THREE Prize Medals awarded CROSSE and BLACKWELL, for the marked superiority of their productions.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.—(Incorporated by National Decrees of 7th and 8th March and by Imperial Decree of 25th July 1864.)

Recognised by the International Convention of 30th April 1862, and by Act No. VIII. of 1864, of the Legislative Council of India, and by Ascended Act of 1867.

Subscribed and Paid-up Capital £8,200,000
Reserve Fund 800,000

Head Office—PARIS.

Agencies.

Bourbon (Reunion), London, Alexandria, Calcutta, Hongkong, Saigon, Shanghai and Yokohama.

London Bankers.

The Union Bank of London ; Messrs. C. J. Hambro and Sons.

Agents in Scotland.—National Bank of Scotland.

Agents in Ireland.—{ The Munster Bank, Limited. / The Belfast Banking Company.

Terms of Business.

The Bank grants Drafts and Letters of Credit, and purchases and collects Bills, on the above places, and on all the principal Cities and Towns on the Continent of Europe.

Interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on current deposits on the minimum monthly balances.

Investments and sales of all descriptions of British and Foreign Securities, &c., effected.

The Bank takes charge of Securities for customers, and receive Dividends on Indian and Foreign Funds, Railway and other Shares.

Every other description of Banking business transacted.

All remittances to be endorsed "Pay Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, or order."

E. J. HARDCASTLE,
Manager.

14, Rampart Row, Bombay, 25th August 1869.

AGRA BANK (Limited).—Capital—£1,000,000 (One Million Sterling).
In 100,000 Shares of £10 each.

Head Office—Nicholas Lane, Lombard Street, London, E.C.

London Bankers.
The Bank of England
Messrs. Glyn & Co.
and
The National Bank of Scotland.

Edinburgh Branch—17 St. Andrew Square.

Branches in India and China.

Calcutta	Agra.	Kurrachee.	Shanghai.
Madras.	Bombay.	Lahore.	Hongkong.

The Bombay Manager grants Bills of Exchange at the following rates on London at 6 months sight at 1/10 5/8 per Rupee.

4	do.	1/10 7/2	,,
3	do.	1/10 7/16	,,
2	do.	1/10 3/8	,,
1	do.	1/10 5/16	,,
On demand		1/10 1/4	,,
On Scotland		1/10 3/16	,,

Circular Notes payable throughout Europe ..... 1/10 1/8 ,,

No drafts at six months' sight are granted for sums under £50, and sums under £20 are only drawn for on demand.

Interest Charged.

On Loans on Government Paper and Railway Shares.
3 Months..... 5 per cent. per annum.
,, ,, 1 to 2 ,, ... 4 per cent. per annum.
,, on other approved securities ..... 6 per cent. per annum.
3 Months.....

Interests.

On Deposits repayable on demand will be credited half-yearly (on 30th June and 31st December) at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 upon all accounts the balances of which have not during the six months fallen below Rs. 1,000. When such has been the case, no interest will be allowed.

On Fixed Deposits subject to 3 months' Notice of withdrawal

Do.	6	do.	3 per cent. per annl
Do.	12	do.	5

The Bank takes charge of Government Paper and other Securities for constituents without charge.

All Drafts or Hoondies forwarded for realisation should be made payable to the Agra Bank (Limited), or order.

Hours of business, 10 to 3 ; Saturday, 10 to 1.

EDWARD MORRISS, Manager.

Bombay, 18th November, 1870.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, at Khamgaum and Oomrawuttee, FOUR COTTON PRESSES (two at each place) belonging to the Agra Bank Company, Limited. They are Steel's Geometrical Patent, worked by manual labor, conveniently situated for business, and well worth the attention of Cotton Merchants.

For further particulars apply to Mr. A. BREUL, at Oomrawuttee, or to

REMINGTON & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

PAPER :—Printing.—Double Demy 34 to 45 lb., Royal 20 to 26 lb., Super-royal 26 to 32 lb., Double Royal 36 to 50 lb., Double Foolscap 25 lb.

Blank Made.—Foolscap, Post, Demy, Medium, Royal, Super-royal, Imperial, Bank Medium and Bank Letter size.

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Blotting.—Superior Pink Demy 17 to 21 lb.

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Established 1821.—Capital £2,000,000.

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SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co., Agents.

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GOLD KEYLESS HUNTERS and SEMI-HUNTERS, Plain or Engine-turned Cases. Rs. 225.
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SILVER HUNTERS, Patent Lever, 3/4 plate, in strong good Silver Cases, Engine-turned, very serviceable, warranted for two years. Rs. 50.
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Low Moor Iron Bars, Plates and Rivets.
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NOTICES.

MRS. LAKE has the pleasure to inform the Ladies of Bombay and those at Out-stations, that she has just returned from England with a CHOICE SELECTION OF FASHIONABLE MILLINERY, selected by herself at the FIRST LONDON HOUSES, as follows, &c. :—

Ladies' Dress Bonnets, trimmed, from Rs 15 to 18, 20, and 30 each.
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The Princess Park Riding Hat, with Feather and Veil, from Rs 24 to 31.
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Large sized Frizettes, at Rs 3 per pair.
Rich Silks, Satins, Reps, &c., from Rs 3, 4, 5, to 9 per yard.
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French Prints and Cambrics, from 8 to 12 Annas per yard.